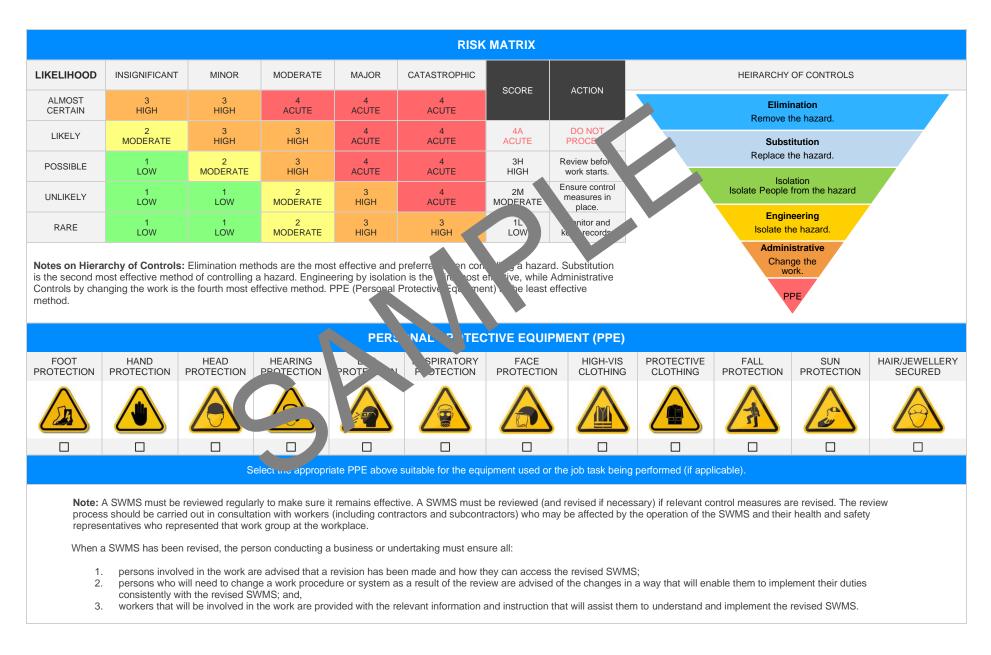


Air Press SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)								
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Air Press							
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E gil:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P OF THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducte proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (H BU) is	required to thurs at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.						
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, condition of unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either condition of conditional eact hazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must successfully. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								
 HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be schedued in accordance with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, a conditional optimical those hazards and then to further take steps to either actuate or control ear chazard. If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structure action and the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be 	CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	DPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS						



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).						
Project Manager	:										
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.					
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			is carried out on o	☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.						
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		is carried out on or	is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.						
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in are	eas with artificial extremes of	of temperature.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, manual handling injuries	2М	 Clearly mark the designated working area: Set up clear and visible barriers or signage around the work area to reduce the risk of puble unknowingly entering a hazardous workspace. Inspect surrounding areas for obstruction negularly assess the environment in which the air press is being used to ensure to there a not trip hazards, such as cables or clutter, obstructing walkways. Implement robust housekeening practices: Kee the workspan clean and well-organised, with regular inspect on and cleaning so clules to unimise the risk of trip hazards from debris and cluttel. Mandatory safe unatining Requiredle workers who will be using the air press to undergo protocov/orkplace walth an Safetycovict) training to understand potential hazards and the operation crocedure. Profere person the clute of equipment (PPE): Supply workers with appropriate PPE, when safe shoes with slip-resistant soles, safety gloves, and high-visibility vests, are use the event of injuries due to manual handling and tripping. Plan Ithing takes: Priories proper planning and assessment of manual handling sks, in uding uk assessments and determining the most efficient method of safe method of safe method of safe method of safe method in globely or awkward loads. Use method lifting aids: Whenever possible, utilise suitable mechanical lifting higher to devices to reduce the physical strain on workers during manual her bling activities. Apply ergonomic principles: Encourage workers to apply ergonomic best practices, such as keeping their back straight, bending at the knees, and not twisting while lifting, to avoid manual handling injuries. Regular breaks and stretching: Ensure that workers are given sufficient breaks during work, and encourage them to perform simple stretches to alleviate muscle tension from repetitive tasks. Monitor and review control measures: Regularly evaluate the implemented control measures' effectiveness through inspections and worker feedbac	1L	
2. Inspect equipment	Electrical shock, damaged equipment	ЗН	 Regular maintenance checks: Schedule periodic inspections of the equipment to ensure it is in proper working order and to identify any damage or wear and tear. Lockout/Tagout procedures: Implement a lockout/tagout system when inspecting the equipment to isolate all energy sources and prevent accidental machinery activation. 	1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Qualified personnel: Only allow trained and certified staff members to carry out equipment inspections and maintenance tasks.		
			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure the workers wear appropriate PPE such as safety gloves, insulated shoes, safety esses, and any other necessary protective gear during equipment inspection		
			- Visual assessment: Before starting work, we ers should visually assess the equipment for visible defects, frayed cables or using of damage.		
			- Check electrical connection inspect the electric connections around the air press equipment to make sure, are are no loose on open a wires.		
			- Ground Fault Circum, opters of FCIs): Install and use GFCIs on power sources to provide additional protection against electric of nock hazards.		
			- Safe bandlin practices: ain employee a proper lifting and maneuvering technic as to a red drowing or causing aamage to equipment during inspections.		
			- Adect a slighting take sure the inspection area is well-lit to facilitate easy identification of pote all hazards and damages.		
			 Isolate amaged equipment: If any equipment is found to be damaged during spectice, it should be immediately removed from service and tagged as 'Do Not Us, specific spairs, and be made. 		
			Repair, pocols: Establish detailed repair instructions and protocols for damaged upment, ensuring that only skilled technicians carry out the necessary repairs.		
			- Recordkeeping: Maintain accurate records of equipment inspections, identified nazards, control measures taken, and any repairs or maintenance activities conducted. This allows you to track trends and address recurring issues proactively.		
			 Ensure exclusion zones: Set up a clear, well-defined exclusion zone around the work area to prevent unauthorised personnel from entering the area and being exposed to falling objects or noise hazards. 		
			- Proper signage: Display appropriate safety signs to warn workers and visitors about potential hazards, including falling objects and high noise levels.		
3. Set up work area	Falling objects, noise hazards	2M	- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Equip workers with necessary PPE such as hard hats, safety glasses, and earplugs or earmuffs to protect against falling objects and noise hazards.	1L	
			- Conduct toolbox talks: Before starting work, hold a toolbox talk to discuss the specific hazards of the task, the control measures in place, and the importance of adhering to safety protocols.		
			- Secure tools and equipment: Utilise proper storage techniques and tool tethering systems to secure tools and equipment and prevent them from accidentally falling.		
			- Regular inspections: Routinely inspect the work area and equipment for any hazards or signs of wear and tear that could increase the risk of falling objects or elevated noise levels.		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Noise barriers: Where feasible, install temporary noise barriers or screens to reduce noise exposure within the work area.		
			- Work procedures: Provide written work procedure and guidelines, and ensure that all workers are trained and competent in their expective tasks to minimise potential hazards.		
			- Communication methods: Implement efficie, communication methods, such as two-way radios, hand signals, or established with codes, to alert workers about possible safety risks in the work area.		
			- Rotate workers: Minimise progreged exposure to have the ards by rotating workers regularly between different tasks and work areas.		
			- Housekeeping maintain to lean a corganised ork area by removing debris, waste material and unusratiools of a upprove. This will help minimise tripping hazard and the risk of othests falling hazard should be a set of the set of th		
4. Ensure ventilation	Airborne contaminanto, madequate oxygen levels	2М		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Donning PPE	Inadequate protection, incorrect size	2М		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Prepare compressor	Equipment malfunction, gas leaks	ЗН		2М	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Check hoses and fittings	Loose connections, punctured hoses	2М		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	•				
	G				
8. Attach tools	Projectile hazards, improper tool attachment	ЗН		2M	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Adjust pressure settings	Over-pressurization, faulty gauges	ЗН		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Test operation	Unintended activation, vibration hazards	2М		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Perform work	Unstable work surface, flying debris	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	PERSON NAME OF PERSON
12. Monitor work environment	Excessive heat, inadequate lighting	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
13. Breakdown work area	Slips, trips and falls, pinch points	2М		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
14. Clean up and disposal	Waste hazards, chemical exposure	2М		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	S				
15. Review and inspection	Ongoing hazards, missed control measures	2M		1L	



JOB STEP PO	TENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS HAZA	ARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	S				



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE F	REFERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEG	SISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Octupational Health an Safety Actual Octupational Health and professions 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulatupes</u> Codes of mactice VIC <u>attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation, 201, Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-serve-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/fecture-serve-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legulation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): Permits from local council Authorisation to commence work	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Dat		
			t te:		
			Date:		

SAL WO A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reworkplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and area of the process should be carried out in s and subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who received that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of continue measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wren Electrical Work, Versat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed ar noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	