

Automatic Transmission I	Flusher SAFE WORK MET	HOD STATEMENT (SWMS)		
TASK OR	ACTIVITY: Automatic Transmiss	ion Flusher		
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#	
Business Address: [Company Address]				
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:		
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P OF THE PROJECT		
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	icting a business or undertaking (I BU) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before	
Full Name:				
Signature:		Title:	Date:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PLOY OF THE PROJECT Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (re BU) is required to course at a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts. Full Name:				
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:	
	N TE AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND	
requirements to first identify any site hazards, conduction unical those	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE	
on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend				
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.				
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.				



	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS							
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise					
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).							
Project Manager	:											
Contact Phone:												
Project Manager	Signature:											
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:										
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT							
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.						
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.								
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.								
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.								
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.								
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.								
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.								
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.								
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.							
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY							
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift					
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer					
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -						







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Incorrect equipment, trip and fall hazards	2М	 Conduct a pre-start inspection of the workspace to identify and remove any potential trip or fall hazards prior to beginning work. Ensure all employees working on the project the received appropriate training in the operation and maintenance of the Automate Transmission Flusher and any associated equipment. Select the correct equipment for the job, contractoris suitability for the specific make and model of the vehicle, as well as the type of transmission fluid being used. Keep walkways and pathway, clear of cords, host approach equipment to reduce trip hazards. Establish a diagnated with area around the Anomatic Transmission Flusher, using safety strifers or sign to alerty ersonice presence of the working area. Verificat any equipment ersonal Protective Equipment (PPE) is available, in good conduct and being used handling techniques when moving or lifting equipment to preventurant injury. Seep thi works be clean and free from debris or spills to maintain a safe encount and unimise the risk of slips or falls. Check well all necessary safety checks have been completed on the Automatic hyper supply connections and calibration. Communicate with team members throughout the process, providing updates on any changes or potential hazards as they arise. Implement an emergency response plan in case of injuries or accidents occurring during the work process and provide training to team members on how to respond effectively. Regularly maintain and service the Automatic Transmission Flusher and associated equipment; ensuring any identified defects are promptly rectified to prevent accidents or injuries from occurring during operation. Upon completion of the work, carefully store all tools and equipment away in their designated areas to maintain a clutter-free workspace and prevent future trip or fall hazards. 	1L	
2. Inspection	Inadequate lighting, exposure to chemicals	ЗН	 Ensure proper lighting: Before starting the inspection, make sure that the work area is well-lit and fully illuminated to allow for a thorough examination of the equipment. Provide suitable personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers should wear appropriate PPE, such as safety glasses, gloves, and coveralls, to protect themselves from exposure to chemicals and any other potential hazards during the inspection process. 	2M	



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			- Conduct regular equipment maintenance checks: Regularly inspect and maintain the automatic transmission flusher to ensure it is in good working condition and free from any defects or leaks that may pose a risk.		
			- Use appropriate tools and equipment: Only use approved tools and equipment, such as inspection mirrors and torches, specially designed for inspecting an automatic transmission flusher. This minimize the charges of accidental damage or mishandling.		
			- Implement spill management procedures: Have spill kit reaction available to contain and clean up chemic. bills efficiently and offely if y occur during the inspection process.		
			- Clearly label are noted, inicals, take sure all themicals used in the automatic transmission other are proverly labeled, store, and handled according to the relevant mate of safety day sheets (in Discand local regulations.		
			- Impound has been nunication: Inform all workers involved in the inspection proce the has a sassociated with inadequate lighting and chemical exposure, as well storic resp. ive preventative measures.		
			- Condutrating programs: Provide ongoing training and education to workers on andling them, is safely and managing potential hazards, including those related to the pectans and basic first-aid procedures in case of exposure.		
			Estable on emergency plan: Develop and communicate a clear emergency ponse plan for incidents involving chemical exposure, including the location of express stations, emergency showers, and contact information for medical assistance.		
	G		- Monitor and review control measures: Regularly review and update the control strategies to ensure their effectiveness in mitigating risks associated with inadequate lighting and chemical exposure during inspections. Implement any necessary changes or improvements to maintain a safe work environment.		
			- Regular inspection and maintenance: Ensuring that the automatic transmission flusher is checked regularly for any signs of wear or malfunction, and scheduling routine maintenance to prevent the occurrence of electrical faults or equipment failure.		
3. Setup	Electrical hazards, faulty equipment	ЗН	 Proper training: Ensuring all staff operating the transmission flusher have undergone adequate training on the correct setup and usage procedures, important safety guidelines, as well as an understanding of potential risks involved in electrical hazards and faulty equipment. 	1L	
			 Power source inspection: Thoroughly inspecting and testing power cables, plugs, and outlets before connecting the transmission flusher to ensure they are in good working condition and free from damage. 		
			- Circuit protection: Providing either a residual current device (RCD) or an appropriately rated circuit breaker to protect the team against electric shocks and electrical fires caused by short circuits and current overloads.		



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HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
		- Adequate workspace lighting: Ensuring proper illumination in the work area to help operators avoid accidental contact with electrical components, identify potential hazards more easily, and perform setup tasks more curately.		
		- Clean work environment: Keeping the work and clean and clutter-free to minimise the risk of debris or contaminants interfering can the electrical components, potentially leading to shorts or other malfunctions within the equipment.		
		 Safe storage and handling: Storing automatic manission flushers and their accessories in a secure and organised manner, any from motione or extreme temperatures, to protect them for damage that could lead be equipment failures and create electrical hazards. Personal Protective Equipment (CE): Mandation the use of appropriate PPE, such as safety going s, gloves, end insuring footnet, while setting up the automatic transmission other, to project agains and as like electric shocks and injury from 		
		 dama a lequip ent. Sign based bases: Displaying clear safety signage indicating potential electrical hazard an erecting by sical barriers around the work area during setup to prevent unauthor setup ersonn, from accidentally coming into contact with powered equipment. Learge ty preparedness: Having an emergency protocol in place, including the proper to green to fire extinguishers and first aid kits near the work area, alongside 		
S		A ards or equipment malfunctions.		
Noise exposure, overheating of equipment	2M		1L	
	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK INITIAL Noise exposure, overheating of 2M	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS - Adequate workspace lighting: Ensuring proper illumination in the work area to help operators avoid accidental contact with electrical components, identify potential hazards more easily, and perform setup tasks more ourately. - Clean work environment: Keeping the work set of clean and clutter-free to minimise the risk of debris or contaminants interfering the work and clutter-free to minimise the risk of debris or contaminants interfering and the electrical components, potentially leading to shorts or other malfum, one withing equipment. - Safe storage and handling: Storing automatute numission flushers and their accessories in a secure and reganised manner, way from monice or extreme temperatures, to protect there work and and an the electric of appropriate PPE, such as stafty gorups, gloves, gloves, gloves, gloves, di insue global ike electric shocks and injury from dament equipant. - Sign storage and handling: Storing automatute numission flushers and input from transmission, where, to prict agains brands like electric shocks and injury from dament equipant. - Sign storage and prediments: Clipplaying clear safety signage indicating potential electrical hazards and recetine hysical barriers around the work area during setup to prevent unauth is best presonin from accidentally coming into contact with powered anisotic equipment. - Sign storage to propriate safety signage indicating potential electrical hazards and recetine of fire stinguishes and first aid kits near the work area, alongside anisotic equipment malfunctions. Noise exposure, overheating of	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS RESIDUAL RISK - Adequate workspace lighting: Ensuring proper illumination in the work area to help operators avoid accidental contact with electrical components, identify potential hazards more easily, and perform setup tasks more neurately. - Clean work environment: Keeping the work are dean and clutter-free to minimise the risk of debris or contaminants interferent with the electrical components, potentially leading to shorts or other malfun russ within ur equipment. - Safe storage and handling: Storing automatibation withission flushers and their accessories in a secure and creanised mannef. a yr from more up or extreme temperatures, to protect thren them damage that to telead cupulpment failures and create electrical hazards. - Personal Proton or Equipment. - Safe storage and handling: Storing automatib more the use of appropriate PPE, such as safety goal of glores, flores, flores, flores, and injury from damate leading to the rus or ta gains have as like electric shocks and injury from damate leading to the rus or accidentally coming into contact with powered quipment. - Sign and base trism by special barriers and first aid kits near the work area, alongside another transmission ther, to prote the gains have as flores and first aid kits near the work area, alongside another transmission or the russion of prompt assistance in case of electrical hazards are requipment malfunctions. - Noise exposure, overheating of 21



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5. Maintenance	Inadequate PPE, repetitive strain injuries	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



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6. Fluid replacement	Skin contact with chemicals, inhalation	ЗН		2М	



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7. Testing	Inaccurate test results, equipment failure	2M		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



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8. Clean-up	Exposure to cleaning agents, slips and falls	2M		1L	



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9. Reporting	Incorrect documentation, communication errors	1L		1L	



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JOB STEP SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	POTENTIAL HAZARDS HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	IR INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RR RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Storage	Crushing hazards, poor organisation	2M		1L	



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11. Waste disposal	Inadequate waste management, spills	ЗH		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. Emergency response	Insufficient training, inadequate planning	ЗH		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE						
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Action 04 Occupational Health and offetive gulations 2017 Legis of VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulat</u> Codes on mactice VIC <u>enttps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>					
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>					
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-sector-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-sector-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice					
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	 Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes 					
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities 					
 Permits from local council Authorisation to commence work Any required documents. 	 How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 					



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and acception of the process should be carried out in s any subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who recented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of continue measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wren Electrical Work, Versat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed ar noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
			·
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		