

Backhoe Front End Loa	ader SAFE WORK METHO	D STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK C	OR ACTIVITY: Backhoe Front End	Loader	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E gil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N_BU) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a second	compliance of the SWMS, well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conduct or unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either conduct or contract and hazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structure unately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).						
Project Manager	:										
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.					
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1.Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, Incorrect manual handling of equipment	2M	 Conduct a thorough site inspection before commencing work to identify potential hazards such as uneven ground, obstacles, and clutt that could cause slips, trips and falls. Clearly mark and signpost designated watervays and work zones to keep pedestrian traffic separate from work areas, studing the wellhood of accidental trips, slips and falls. Ensure all workers have the necessary PPE, in uting slip-randant, steel-toed boots with good ankle supports to minimise the risk linjup rate to slips, trips, and falls. Implement a hereakeep ascherer to maintaincleanliness and organisation on the worksite enking sure to irompletend to not y spills, leaks or debris that may cause slippints utripping theards. Profenadeque we area lighting, especially in high-traffic areas, to improve visibility at reducing risk of accidents due to poor lighting conditions. Implement a balanke of moving heavy equipment, as well as slip, trip, and fall sevential stratifies. On spinle utripping theards. Instrantide infinge id moving heavy equipment, as well as slip, trip, and fall sevential stratifies. Units of characteristics. Units of characteristics. Units of characteristics. Desting the front End Loader is regularly inspected and maintained by competent personnel, checking for potential hazards and wear that could contribute to unsafe operation. Establish clear communication protocols for all team members on site, including hand signals, visual aids, or two-way radios, to promote safe, coordinated work practices. Encourage a safety-conscious culture by empowering staff to report incidents, near-misses, and unsafe practices, and taking necessary steps to rectify these situations promptly. Develop emergency response procedures and conduct regular drills to ensure all workers are familiar with the steps to take in the event of an accident or incident related to slips, trips, falls or incorrect manual handling	1L	
2.Site inspection	Exposure to hazardous materials, Uneven ground surface	ЗH	 Conduct a thorough site inspection before work commences to identify any hazardous materials present in the area, such as asbestos, chemicals or biological agents. 	2M	



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			 Develop and implement a hazardous materials management plan for the safe handling, storage, and disposal of hazardous substances identified during the site inspection. Train all operators and relevant personnel opera nazards associated with the identified hazardous materials, and provider own with appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) as needed, succes gloves tasks, and eye protection. Obtain and maintain Safety Data Sheets (SD-10 all hazardous substances present at the worksite, and ensure workers hav access to this formation to understand the potential risks and precautions new sary. Establish clear signation do bail its around hazardous or contaminated zones, informing personal of the intentity isks and access restrictions. Continuous nonitor the lark envir meaner signs of hazardous material exposite, succes unsue addours or vice dust particles, and take immediate action aquiret. Ensult it wall verifies and equipment (including backhoe front-end loader) are thoroug by hesected and well-maintained to prevent any leaks or spills of hazardous material Stesss ind door nent the condition of the ground surface at the worksite, idden, indevreas with poor stability, steep slopes, or uneven surfaces that may pose risk to curators and equipment. Imperent suitable access controls, such as barricades, cones, or warning tapes, to restrict unauthorised entry into areas with uneven ground surfaces or areas where hazardous materials are present. Provide clear communication and instructions to workers regarding any specific hazardos or risks associated with uneven ground surfaces may increase the risk of accidents or larandeus materials are present. Provide clear communication and instructions to workers regarding any specific hazardous risks associated with uneven ground surfaces may increase the risk of accidents or injuries when working with heavy machinery such as backhoe front-end loaders. Develop a site-specific		



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		INITIAL		RESIDUAL	
			 various scenarios, and inform all workers of their role in a potential emergency situation. Encourage a positive and open workplace culture where workers feel comfortable voicing concerns related to communication processes, hazards or any other issues that may impact overall site safety. 		
			- Foster cooperation between different trades and teams working simultaneously in the area, promoting respectful communication and collaboration to minimise hazards related to miscommunication, inadequate training, or inexperience.		
4.Mark out working area	Trip hazards, Striking underground services	ЗH		1L	



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5.Configure Backhoe Front End Loader (FEL)	General entanglement, Crushing hazard	3H		2M	

Version 2.5



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6.Digging with FEL bucket	Struck by flying debrister and an falling from machine			2M	



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7.Loading and unloading material	Overlifting, Load stit	ЗН		2М	



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8.Spotting, Marshaling	Struck by load, Venale co	2M		1L	



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9.Transporting materials	Vehicle rollover, Colución with other vehicles	ЗH		1L	



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10.Emptying FEL bucket	Caught between r ving objects, Falling materials	2M		1L	
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11.Periodic maintenance work	Risks from mecharour parts, Dust and particles in eye	ЗН		2М	



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12.Shut down and storage	Improper shut dow of ripping hazards	ΤL		1L	
J	5				



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES								
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE								
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act wold Occupational Health and orfety regulations 2017 Legis non VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulations</u> ordes of mactice VIC <u>autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>							
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes rach Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes rach	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>							
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weigelace-serve-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weigelace-serve-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weigelace-serve-laws	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>							
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes							
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work 							
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 							



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and are subcontractions) who may be affected by the operation sentatives who received that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wey, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approved on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
			·
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	