

Brick Work SA	AFE WORK METHOD STAT	EMENT (SWMS)		
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Brick Work	(
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#	
Business Address: [Company Address]				
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:		
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PLOOF THE PROJECT		
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (r 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before	
Full Name:				
Signature:		Title:	Date:	
Full Name:				
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:	
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND	
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE	
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.				
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.				
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.				



		CL	IENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	gnature:								
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
☐ is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		$H \cap H$	is carried out on	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.					
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.				
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY				
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -			





FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Mistakes in planning, Inaccurate measurements	2M	- **Training:** Ensure all workers involved in the planning and measurement processes receive proper training, including blueprint interpretation and the use of appropriate measuring tools. - **Double-checking:** Encourage workers a pouble-check their measurements and calculations before finalizing the plans, reducing the chiral soft inaccuracies and errors. - **Peer review:** Assign a second team member in review planting stages and check measurements independently to ensure actuary, providing an additional layer of scrutiny. - **Correct tools a bullise cable and precise measuring instruments, such as laser distance measures and tappineasure to reduce errors due to faulty or damaged equipment. - **Stanspection** Abuduct thorough site inspections to identify any potential hazar to obstate untat may influence the planning and measurement process. - **Stanspection** Abuduct thorough site inspections to identify any potential hazar to obstate untat may influence the planning and measurement process. - **Stanspection** Abuduct thorough site inspections to identify any potential hazar to obstate untat may influence the planning and measurement process. - **Stanspection** Frocedures (SOP):** Develop and implement well-defined SOPs for brick for his prartition, ensuring all workers are familiar with the guidelines ad adhiration to the murities and planning stage. - **The enforcementation:** Maintain detailed records of all planning, neasurements, and design decisions, allowing for easy review and correction of accuracies. - **Yommunicate changes:** Clearly communicate any alterations to the existing plans with all relevant stakeholders to avoid confusion and possible mistakes during the actual brickwork execution. - **Use of templates:** Utilise standardised templates or guides for planning and measurement purposes, which can minimise the likelihood of errors or inconsistencies. - **Clearly marked measurements**: Label measurements on blueprints and plans with precision, clearly marking units of measurement	1L	
2. Site Setup	Uneven terrain, Fall from heights	3H	- Conduct a thorough site inspection before commencing work to identify any uneven terrain or other potential hazards, and clearly mark these areas with warning signs or barricades.	2M	



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		NON	- Ensure that all workers are trained in recognising and managing risks associated with uneven terrain and working at heights. Provide refresher training courses as necessary. - Use appropriate personal protective equipment, PE) such as non-slip footwear, hard hats, and high visibility vests for worke out the Site Setup area, in order to minimise the likelihood of accidents or injuri. - Implement strict housekeeping measures to in the work area clean and free from debris, ensuring that walkways and access that are clean are reduce the risk of slips, trips, and falls. - Set up sturdy, level to time to caffoldings with generalis and toe boards, where necessary, to provide state works affaces for tasks involving brickwork at heights. Inspect and countain these aructure negularly ensure their safety and integrity.	NION	
			 Use approprie fall projection system each as harnesses, lanyards, and anchor point to work preferes, in combination with proper training on their use and regular in intenance checks. Develop an implement a site-specific emergency response plan for incidents related falls om her its and uneven terrain, including procedures for immediate edical esistacle, evacuation, and reporting. Entropy buddy system, where workers are paired up to look out for each other's afety accell-being while working at heights or around uneven terrain. courage open communication among team members and promote a safety curvare where workers are encouraged to report any hazards or unsafe work practices, without fear of repercussion. 		
			 Regularly review and update the Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) for brickwork operations to ensure all safety control measures are continuously assessed and adapted to changes on-site or updates to industry standards and regulations. 		
			- Adequate training: Ensure that all workers involved in the material delivery process are adequately trained in proper manual handling techniques and lifting procedures to reduce the risk of injuries.		
	Manual handling Calling chicat-	2M	- Use appropriate equipment: Utilise mechanical aids such as trolleys, forklifts or pallet jacks to transport heavy materials and minimise manual handling risks.	41	
3. Material Delivery	Manual handling, Falling objects	2M	- Personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers should wear appropriate PPE, including steel-toed boots, gloves, and high-visibility vests, to reduce the risk of injury during material delivery.	1L	
			- Secure loads properly: Ensure loads are secured using necessary restraints or straps before transporting them to prevent falling objects and potential injury to workers.		



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			- Clear paths for material delivery: Maintain clean and clear paths around the worksite for the safe movement of materials and workers, removing any obstacles or debris that may cause slips, trips, or falls.		
			- Material stacking and storage: Stack bricks are other materials securely on level ground or pallets to prevent them from shift for falling over onto workers during the delivery process.		
			- Two-person lift system: Implement a two-person system for heavier loads to reduce the risk of manual handling injuries and extremely use the safe and efficient delivery of materials.		
			- Load limits: Adhere and limit specified for equip and used in material transport and do not excert mese to ts, as using so can result in falling objects and increased right a injury.		
			- Pre-d livery essmer assess each overy site's conditions (such as access point gards, demail unloading areas) prior to delivering materials to improve overa 3. It y and cliency.		
			- Communication: Manain open lines of communication between workers and supervishers are general delivery process to discuss any concerns, report cidents or near hisses, and collaborate on strategies to improve workplace health and afet		
	5				
4. Mixing Mortar	Inhalation of dust, Skin irritation	2M		1L	
Mixing Morea	militation of duct, old militation	2.00			



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5. Scaffolding	Structural failure, Working at heights	ЗН		2M	



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6. Wall Construction	Back strain, Trapped fingers/crush jury	у зн		1L	



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7. Cutting Bricks	Flying debris, Dust	₽M		1L	



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8. Installing Lintels	Lifting injury, Fall frequency	2M		1L	



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9. Pointing & Grouting	Repetitive strain itery, Experchemicals	2M		1L	



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10. Cleaning Work Area	Slips/trips/falls, Injuries from tools	ЗН		1L	



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11. Inspections	Entering unsafe areas, Fall from heit is	З́Н		2M	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. Final Clean-up	Slips/trips/falls, Manual handling	2M		1L	



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	5				



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>qulat.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow arry sale work instruction								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				-				
			Date					
				l te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW								
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to revised if necessary) if relevant control measure and subcontract is reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontract is review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract is) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who received that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.			The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.					
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	<u> </u>	□ 3	<u></u> 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of contameasures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vorat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CC	MPLETED	