

Can Closing Machin	e   SAFE WORK METHOD S	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TAS	K OR ACTIVITY: Can Closing Ma	chine	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E il:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the cond	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structured. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise		
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	gnature:							
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters.				is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower.					or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.		
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	or near energised electrical ins	stallations or services.		
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	is carried out in	an area that may have a conta	minated or flammable atmo	sphere.	
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		☐ involves tilt-up o	r precast concrete.			
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.				
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.				
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes of	f temperature.		
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.			
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY			
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -		





#### FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Manual handling injuries, Electrical shock	2M	- Conduct a pre-start inspection of the can closing machine and surrounding work area to ensure all tools, equipment, and materials are properly placed, and electrical connections are safely secured.  - Provide manual handling training for all who ers involved in operating the can closing machine, educating them about connectifying the uniques, body posture, and the importance of using provided lifting aids who provides assay.  - Implement a buddy system or mechanical assistance, such are alleys, adjustable tables, or hoists, to assist with eavy lifting and handling tan associated with the can closing machine operation.  - Encourage frequent breat and tation throughtasks to help prevent repetitive stress injurie and muscle sains relead to methal handling during the preparation stage.  - Regional inspiration and muscle sains relead to methal handling equipment, including hoists and the same ensured they are fit for use and free from defects that might lead to potent in the same during the preventions.  - Keep a sless mund the same closing machine clear of obstructions and debris, allowing asy an less for operators, avoiding slip, trip, and fall hazards while pearmin manus handling tasks.  Ensure ployees working with or near the can closing machine wear appropriate sonal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, steel-toed boots, and highly lifty clothing, and reinforce proper usage guidelines.  Use a lockout-tagout (LOTO) system when disconnecting power sources from the can closing machine before initiating maintenance or cleaning procedures, reducing the risk of accidental electrical shocks.  - Regularly inspect electrical components, cords, and systems connected to the can closing machine for any signs of wear, fray, or damage, and report any concerns to the workplace supervisor promptly for repair or replacement.  - Provide regular training for all employees regarding emergency response protocols, specifically outlining steps for addressing accidents involving manual handling injuries or electrical shock, e	1L	
2. Machine setup	Pinch points, Noise exposure	3Н	<ul> <li>Ensure that only appropriately trained and qualified personnel are allowed to setup and operate the Can Closing Machine, reducing the likelihood of accidents occurring as a result of inexperience.</li> <li>Require all workers in the vicinity of the Can Closing Machine to wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety goggles, and earplugs. This helps to mitigate risks associated with pinch points, flying debris, and noise exposure.</li> </ul>	1L	



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			- Complete a thorough inspection of the machine before each use to identify any potential hazards, such as loose parts or debris. Addressing these issues prior to operation minimises the risk of injury.		
			- Develop and implement clear standard operator, procedures (SOPs) for machine setup and operation, ensuring that all employees follow the same process to minimise risk.		
			- Install guards and barriers around pinch point moving parts of the machine to prevent inadvertent contact with these hazardou reas during eration.		
			- Securely anchor or bolt the Colosing Machine the or, minimising the possibility of tipping over a related accidents		
			- Clearly mark a label all achine ontrols are mergency stops, making it easier for operators quickly and afely shallow the machine if necessary.		
			- Regardly man, in any ervice the Car closing Machine, focusing on components such a lits, charged and gears. Proper maintenance helps ensure the machine operation of the potential for unexpected hazards.		
			- Implement to afe woung space around the Can Closing Machine free from obstruct insign clutter, providing ample room for operators to move about and promit pir due.		
			Enco open communication between machine operators and supervisors to omptly port any equipment malfunctions or concerns that may pose a hazard to elloyee health and safety.		
			Continuously review and assess the effectiveness of implemented control measures, updating SOPs and training materials as needed to drive continuous improvement in workplace safety.		
			- Provide proper training and ensure all operators are competent in using the can closing machine, as well as understanding potential hazards and safe work procedures.		
			- Install safety guards and barriers around the can closing machine to protect workers from accidently getting caught or crushed within the mechanisms.		
3. Can loading	Crushing injury, Slip and fall risk	2M	- Ensure that the floor area surrounding the machine is clean and free of any spillages, debris, or other obstacles that may cause slip and fall risks.	1L	
_			- Inspect the working area regularly and maintain good housekeeping practices to minimise hazards and keep the environment safe for everyone.		
			- Place non-slip mats or flooring around the machine to increase traction and reduce the risk of slips and falls due to wet or slippery surfaces.		
			- Implement a lockout/tagout procedure for when maintenance or repairs are needed on the can closing machine, ensuring that the equipment is properly shut down and secured to prevent accidental start-up and potential injury.		



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			Regularly check and maintain the can closing machine, following the manufacturer's guidelines to keep it in safe working condition and reduce the likelihood of malfunctions that could cause accidents.		
			- Enforce a strict policy requiring workers to we appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as safety footwear twes, and ever protection whenever necessary during operation, maintenance, a cleaning was.		
			- Establish a clear communication system between orkers to alert one another about any potential hazards or if assistance is no led in operating the can closing machine safely.		
			- Provide easily accompand to ble emergency stor attons on the can closing machine, allowing or immediate sort down in case of an emergency or malfunction.		
			- Limit access the can closing made early to authorised and trained personnel only, ensuring open sure vision and collover who is operating the equipment.		
			- Implicate t a but system, where workers check in with each other to ensure safe operation of the calculosing machine and promptly address any issues or concerns that are to		
			Conducted safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, leaving control easures and continually updating them as needed to ensure the high. The street of the same same safety and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process, and safety audits and risk assessments for the can loading process.		
4. Seaming process	Amputation hazards, Strain injuries	4A		3H	



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5. Quality control	Repetitive motions, Eye strain	2M		1L	



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6. Can offloading	Spill hazard, Crushing injuries	ЗН		1L	



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7. Machine maintenance	Entanglement, Chemical exposure	ЗН		2M	



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				NGIX	
8. Lubrication	Slip and fall risk, Skin irritation	2M		1L	



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	5				
9. Operator changeover	Communication errors, Caught in/ejected parts	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	Electrical shock, Inadequate guarding	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	2M	NAME OF PERSON



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Cleaning	Chemical exposure, Slip and fall risk	2M		1L	



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12. Shutdown	Unplanned restarts, Unauthorised access	ЗН		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$ 

Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

**Tulat** 

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow ally sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all resonal riolective Equipment where appropriate.								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
			_					
				Date				
			l te:					
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
		SAF WO A S	THUD STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to the ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements are subcontracted by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors are subcontracted)) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who researched that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures				
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	<b>3</b> ,	· '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	