

Double End Overhead	Saw   SAFE WORK METHO	D STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Double End Overho	ead Saw	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (I 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either the condition of the condition o	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structure attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CL	IENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	gnature:								
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:								
ANY HIGH-RISK CON PUC) NO JRK BEING CARRIED OUT									
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	d out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integrit of a str	3	is carried out in	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes of	f temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.				
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY				
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -			





#### FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON																	
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON																	
			- Conduct a thorough inspection of the work area to identify and remove any potential obstructions or hazards, such as water spilled debris, or uneven flooring that may cause slips and trips.																			
			- Ensure that all electrical equipment, including the double end overhead saw, is properly grounded to minimise the risk of electric shock																			
			- Utilise proper personal protective equipment such as safety boots with slip- resistant soles, safety goggler, and gloves for we are operating the equipment and those in the vicinity.																			
			- Keep the work are and regularly monitor, the condition of the site throughout the image main in a strength and prevent slips and trips.																			
			- Install apply fate signage and barry s are at the work area to alert others of potential hazar keeping mauthorise as sonnel away from the active site.																			
			- Veri set all possibles are properly insulated and free from damage before use, relating or respiring any faulty components immediately.	2M																		
1. Preparation	Electric shock, Slips and trips	зн	- Implement to ackoub yout procedure for the double end overhead saw when it's not in us a ensuing that one equipment cannot be accidentally turned on during interest pe or leaning.																			
	•	'	\	\	\		\	\	'	'	'	'	\	'	\	'	\	'	\	Train pyees on the correct use of the double end overhead saw, establishing unders anding of potential hazards and safe operating procedures.		
			- n vide workers with ergonomic floor mats where needed to reduce fatigue and enhance traction, further preventing slips and trips.																			
			- Establish a routine maintenance schedule for the double end overhead saw, regularly checking all moving parts and electrical connections for wear or damage.																			
			- Encourage open communication among employees, allowing them to report any observed hazards or concerns to management without fear of retaliation.																			
			- Maintain a well-lit work area, using portable lighting if necessary, to clearly illuminate the workspace and minimise the risk of accidents.																			
			- Enforce a "no horseplay" policy within the workplace, emphasising professionalism and responsibility among all employees.																			
			- Continuously assess and update the Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) as necessary, ensuring that all control measures stay relevant and effective in mitigating the risks associated with the preparation stage of operating a double end overhead saw.																			
2. Inspections	Caught in moving machinery, Exposure to noise	ЗН	<ul> <li>Regular machinery inspections: Ensure that the double end overhead saw undergoes regular and thorough inspections by a qualified technician, focusing on identifying any potential hazards related to moving parts and noise emissions.</li> </ul>	1L																		



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			- Proper machine maintenance: Conduct routine maintenance work as per the manufacturer's guidelines, ensuring that all safety guards, fencing or interlocking systems are in place, functional, and effective in provinting access to moving parts.		
			- Staff training: Provide appropriate safety training or workers operating the double end overhead saw, including correct use of a sonal protective equipment (PPE), safe operation techniques, and emergency accourts		
			- Use of approved PPE: Ensure operators wear one hearing protection (earplugs or earmuffs) and safety glasses during work investigation and overhead saw to protect against exposure to give and potential ong deligible.		
			- Safe work practices themen lear guidelines on a work practices, including maintaining a class work process to grow the ground moving mach say, and avoing discretions to get the equipment is in operation.		
			- Machinery logut/tagor system: Est an an effective lockout/tagout procedure to enter that the low end overhead saw remains de-energised during maint a leg clear g, or repair work, protecting against accidental activation.		
			- Clear give: Instanton on spicuous and legible signage near the saw to indicate potentia haza is relate to caught-in machinery incidents and high noise levels, minding work to exercise proper safety measures during operation.		
	7		- En. Tel. y stop systems: Verify that all emergency stop devices are functioning dequal and are easily accessible to operators in case an immediate shutdown of double end overhead saw is necessary.		
			- Nuse-reduction measures: Where possible, consider installation of sound-reducing parriers or enclosures around the double end overhead saw area to minimise noise exposure for employees working nearby.		
			- Pre-shift equipment checks: Encourage workers to perform a quick visual inspection of the double end overhead saw before each shift to check for any visible signs of wear or damage and assess the integrity of safety guards and protective barriers.		
			- Incident reporting and review: Establish a clear reporting system for caught-in machinery and noise exposure incidents that occur during work with the double end overhead saw. Regularly review incidents in order to identify trends and implement corrective measures to address persistent hazards.		
			- Provide comprehensive training and instruction on the proper use, installation, and maintenance of the double-end overhead saw to all employees.		
3. Saw Blade Installation	Cutting injuries, Flying debris	3H	- Ensure that correct personal protective equipment (PPE), including safety gloves, goggles, and ear protection, are provided to workers and always worn during blade installation.	1L	
			- Follow manufacturer guidelines for proper blade selection based on material type and thickness to be cut, ensuring the installed blade is appropriate for the job.		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
JOB STEP  SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	POTENTIAL HAZARDS  HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	IR INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS  - Regularly inspect saw blades for signs of wear, damage or cracks, immediately remove any compromised blades from use, and replace them with suitable, well-maintained alternatives.  - Install a guard or cover over the cutting area of minimise the risk of cutting injuries and contain flying debris.  - Use sharp blades specifically designed for a specific type of material being cut to minimise chip debris and prevent kickbacks the conduction of cause injury.  - Properly secure materials before cutting them use a appropriate clamps, jigs, or fixtures to prevent movement and could lead to cutto injurious or flying debris.  - Keep the working the account is a double-end overhead saw clean, clear of obstructions, are well lit, in a mising the risk of the nazards that could lead to blade contact.	RR RESIDUAL RISK	
			<ul> <li>Idea and circly more designated a sess and exclusion zones around the saw, prevent unauth and personnel from entering the workspace during blade installs on ad cut a operations.</li> <li>Implement to roceds a requiring the saw to be turned off, locked out, and tagged out where performing blade installations, minimising the risk of unexpected activation in coult lead to jury.</li> <li>Promon culture of open communication surrounding workplace health and fety, encuraging employees to report potential hazards, accidents or near misses in rediately, allowing for swift corrective action.</li> <li>Conduct regular inspections and audits on equipment and overall working environment to ensure adherence to occupational health and safety practices, thus maintaining a preventive approach towards potential hazards.</li> <li>Review and update the safe work method statement (SWMS) regularly, taking into account any changes in equipment, materials or job requirements to ensure up-to-date and effective risk mitigation strategies are in place.</li> </ul>		
4. Material Loading	Pinched fingers, Crush injuries	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Saw Operation	Kickback, Exposure to noise	3H		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Maintenance	Moving parts, High-pressure fluids	2M		1L	



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JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Material Removal	Lifting injuries, Crush injuries	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Blade Replacement	Cutting injuries, Inc. Lect blace fitting	aH		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Adjustments	Entanglement, Calabi in any machinery	ВН		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Worksite Housekeeping	Slips and trips, Fire hazards	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Emergency Stop	Equipment failure, Panic situations	2M		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. Shut Down	Accidental restart, Exposure to chemicals	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
	5				



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-oi-practic

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</a>

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.ssafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

qulai.

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow any sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use an reisonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				_				
				Date				
				l te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
Date:								
		SAF WO A S	THUD STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to the ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure and the consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract is) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who reduces that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures				
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	<b>3</b> ,	· '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	