

Drill Pedestal SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)								
-	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Drill Pedesta	al						
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (I RU) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.						
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheded in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either the condition of	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead at the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



	CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS					
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:					known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:											
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager Sig	gnature:										
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:										
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT						
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.						
☐ is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.						
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.						
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integrit of a str	3	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.						
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY						
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift				
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer				
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -					





FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, Incorrect lifting technique	2M	 Ensure adequate housekeeping practices are maintained throughout the work area, by regularly cleaning and clearing any waste molerials or obstructions that pose a risk for slips, trips, and falls. Keep all walkways, working spaces, and cross areas free from obstacles, cords, and cables to prevent tripping hazards. Provide appropriate signage to indicate potent tripp, trip, or fall hazards within the work area and ensure all workers are aware of true areas. Ensure that employees wear used-toe, slip-resist of revear with proper support and grip to minimise true k of sus, trips, or falls. Train employers in prope of fing to injures to loid injury while handling heavy equipment of a sterials. The includes and if at the knees, keeping the back straight and lin require the legs instead to reback. End on the regular leaks and stretching exercises for workers engaged in repetit the locks or heavy lifting throughout the day to reduce the risk of injury due to fatigue to a exertic. Use appropriate lifting ands or equipment, such as trolleys, hand trucks, and hoists, who may give a repetit to the subject of the properly and is located on a flat, stable surface prevents accidental tipping, wobbling or falling over during use. Included a thorough risk assessment prior to commencing work to identify potential hazards associated with the task, and implement applicable control measures to manage these risks effectively. Provide ongoing supervision and training to employees on maintaining situational awareness and practicing safe work procedures in the workplace, reinforcing the importance of vigilance in preventing slips, trips, and falls, as well as adhering to correct lifting techniques. 	1L	
2. Inspection	Electric shock, Insecure work area	ЗН	 Ensure proper inspection of electrical cords, plugs, and equipment for any visible signs of wear, damage, or fraying prior to use. Replace or repair damaged components as needed before using the drill pedestal. Verify that the electrical supply and voltage are compatible with the drill pedestal to prevent overloading, overheating, or short-circuiting. Implement a regular schedule for the maintenance and testing of electrical equipment, including the drill pedestal, to ensure continued safety and optimal performance. Install Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFCIs) on all electrical outlets in the work area to reduce the risk of electric shock caused by ground faults. Make certain that workers operating the drill pedestal are properly trained in its use and are aware of the potential hazards associated with the equipment. 	1L	



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			- Set up sturdy barriers around the perimeter of the work area to prevent unauthorised access and ensure that only trained personnel operate the drill pedestal.		
			- Utilise non-conductive mats, gloves, or other sonal protective equipment to help minimise the danger of electric shock while saking with the drill pedestal.		
			- Routinely inspect and clean the work area, luding moving debris, clutter, and loose objects that may pose a slip, trip, or fall in the drill pedestal.		
			- Securely anchor the drill personal to a solid surfactor to prevent from moving or tipping during operation, follows the manufactures but mes for installation and stabilization.		
			- Keep the drill destal we area all-lit, ensuring clear visibility for operators at all times to aid. Tentifying pointial has a ds avoid accidents.		
			- Ensure that as quater intilation is available in the workspace to prevent the builds thust, its property of vapors, which could lead to an unhealthy or unsafe environce.		
			- Encourage van convenient among team members regarding safety concerns and haz addition distribution within the work area, promoting a proactive approach to kplace Healt and Safety management.		
			Proper Maining: Ensure that all operators have received appropriate training in the upof the specific Drill Pedestal and its setup.		
			Equipment Selection: Operators must be advised to choose the correct drill pedestal for the job, considering factors such as size, weight, and application requirements.		
			- Pre-Start Inspection: Conduct a thorough pre-start inspection to identify any potential equipment faults or irregularities that could lead to issues during setup or operation.		
3. Setup	Wrong equipment selection	3Н	- Guarding: Confirm that all necessary guards and safety devices are in place and functioning correctly, including those that protect from pinch points.	2M	
			- Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure that workers wear suitable PPE for the tasks being performed, such as safety footwear, gloves, eye protection, and hearing protection.		
			- Safe Work Methods: Establish clear, safe work methods for setting up the drill pedestal, and ensure that these are communicated to all operators.		
			- Clear Workspace: Keep the area around the drill pedestal clean and free of potential tripping hazards or obstructions.		
			- Correct Mounting: Ensure the drill pedestal is securely mounted to a stable surface before beginning any setup procedures.		



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			- Tool Handling: Instruct operators on the proper handling of tools, such as maintaining secure grips and using ergonomic body positioning to minimise risk of injury.		
			- Secure Components: Double-check that all components, such as the drill bit and chuck, are securely fastened and properly and to prevent unexpected movement or dislodgment during operation.		
			- Emergency Stop Access: Verify that the eme and visible to the operator at all times during set and operation		
			- Supervision and Monitoring: pervisors should by reconducing the setup process to provide control e, supervisors and prompt interaction if necessary.		
			- Periodic Revision and Upones: Community revision and update the SWMS based on ongoing explanate, feedbox, and on agent equipment or procedures, ensuring that all control characters main relevation deffective.		
4. Assembly	Falling objects, Poor posture	2M		1L	



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5. Drilling	Flying debris, Noise exposure	4A		2M	



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6. Secure Components	Pinching injuries, Tool malfunction	2M		1L	



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7. Cleaning	Inhalation of hazardous substances, Absorption through skin	ЗН		1L	



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		1			
8. Dismantling	Incorrect handling, Falling objects	2M		1L	



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9. Waste Disposal	Hazardous waste spills, Fire hazards	2M		1L	



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10. Maintenance	Inadequate training, Equipment malfunction	3H		1L	



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11. Emergency Response	Delayed response, Inadequate evacuation plan	2M		1L	



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12. Review and Reporting	Incomplete or inaccurate reporting, Miscommunication	2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.aksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>qulat</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

	Tollow any sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use an reisonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.							
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				_				
				Date				
				l te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW								
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontract as who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re essented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist			The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures					
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	3 ,	' '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of contameasures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vocat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience reining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	