

Electrical Appliance	s SAFE WORK METHOD S	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASI	K OR ACTIVITY: Electrical Applia	nces	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PLOOF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CL	IENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	gnature:								
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		is carried out on	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.					
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes of	f temperature.			
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.				
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY				
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -			





FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Tripping hazards, Electrical shock	2M	 Inspect work area for potential tripping hazards such as clutter or cables on the floor and clear them out prior to starting any work with electrical appliances. Utilise cable covers or cable organizers to ken cords and wires neat and to prevent tangling or creating trip hazards. Ensure all workers are wearing appropriate or sonat cotective equipment (PPE), such as non-conductive footwear and gloves, in a unise the risk of electric shock while handling electrical appliances. Provide employees with train con how to propen use a spect, and maintain electrical appliances to the root or himise potential risk associated with their usage. Implement a flockout/tago procedure to eliminate potential electrical shock hazards durin maintenance or service work assuring that all power sources have been isolated to be any or key begins. Verical conditions electrical appliances and equipment before each use by checking a clamate of cords, defective plugs, and signs of wear or damage. Use Grunds fault Condit Interrupters (GFCIs) for added protection against electrical shock when using electrical appliances in areas where water or dampness has be present, such as near sinks or outdoors. Encourse workers to maintain a safe distance from exposed electrical conductors, requits, and other components that could pose a risk of electrical shock. In gularly inspect and test electrical appliances, equipment, and outlets to ensure they remain in proper working order, and identify any issues that could pose a hazard. Establish an emergency response plan in the event of an electrical shock incident, including appropriate first-aid measures and procedures to follow, such as contacting emergency services and notifying management. 	1L	
2. Equipment Inspection	Defective equipment, Unsafe connections	ЗН	 Regular inspection: Conduct thorough visual inspections of all electrical appliances regularly, ensuring they are in proper working condition and free from any signs of damages like cracked or frayed cords. Qualified personnel: Only allow trained and qualified personnel authorised to carry out inspections, testing, and tagging of electrical equipment, as per the Australian Standards (AS/NZS 3760:2010). Safe connections: Ensure that connection points for electrical appliances are safe, sturdy, and comply with the relevant standards. Any damaged plugs, sockets, or switches must be replaced immediately. Secure cables: Use cable clips or ties to secure electrical cables and prevent them from becoming tripped over or caught on objects, reducing the risk of damage or disconnection. 	1L	



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			- Tagging system: Implement an effective tagging system that tracks the inspection history and maintenance logs of each appliance. This will assist in identifying which require immediate attention or replacement.			
			- Protective devices: Where possible, use residual current devices (RCDs) to prevent electric shock or burns. These should be to a in accordance with AS/NZS 3760:2010.			
			- Equipment guidelines: Ensure all employees are of and adhere to specific guidelines relating to handline and storage of electrical appliances, minimising the potential for accidents or missendling.			
			- Repair or replace. The stand a nediately address sective equipment by either repairing or replacing it be sefurity use. It is essential never to use damaged electrical appropries.			
			- Training programs: Program regular that g programs to educate and refresh employers' know does you dequipment inspection practices, hazard identification, and so a park program regular to electrical appliances.			
		- Cleary or ace: No tain a well-lit workspace that is free from clutter, allowing qualified personel to prominspections without disruption or interference.				
				nerge by resuppose plan: Develop and implement an emergency response plan to health cidents involving faulty or improperly connected electrical equipment. Insure all personnel are well-trained and aware of the plan, including how to a fire extinguisher or shut off electrical sources in case of a fire.		
			Thorough inspection and verification of all electrical appliances to ensure that they are in good working condition, with no visible damages or missing components.			
			- Providing clear and concise assembly instructions for the workers, including proper techniques to use when connecting equipment components to help minimise the risk of incorrect assembly.			
			- Ensuring that all workers involved in the equipment setup have undergone appropriate training and possess the necessary competencies to safely perform their tasks.			
3. Equipment Setup	Incorrect assembly, Improper grounding	3H	- Confirming the right tools and equipment are being used for the setup process, to match the respective appliances' requirements and specifications.	2M		
			- Implementing a strict quality control protocol, to double-check each step taken during the equipment setup process, ensuring proper assembly and connections.			
			- Encouraging open communication among team members so that any doubts, concerns, or questions related to the equipment setup can be addressed immediately.			
			- Conducting routine equipment checks and maintenance tasks to confirm proper grounding is consistently achieved throughout the work environment.			



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			 Integrating devices such as ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCIs) to prevent electrical shocks due to improper grounding of the equipment. 		
			- Utilising personal protective equipment (PPE), sure as insulated gloves and shoes, to mitigate injuries associated with electrical hands during equipment setup.		
			- Enforcing a strict procedure for power-up ting under strolled conditions, to validate correct assembly and functionality on a equitation in the early stages.		
			- Constantly updating and reviewing internal gundes concerning the safe handling and operation of electrical appearances, based on the stry standards and best practices to stay current on evening technologies a correction.		
4. Power Supply Connection	Live wires, Electrica wording	ЗH		1L	



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5. Appliance Testing	Faulty components, Poorly maintain tools	2M		1L	



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6. Maintenance & Repair	Insufficient training, Unqualified personnel	зн		1L	



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7. Disassembly	Loose components, Sharp edges	2M		1L	



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8. Cleaning	Slip hazards, Chemical exposure	2M		1L	



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9. Storage	Poor storage practices, Unstable stacked materials	2M		1L	



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10. Waste Disposal	Hazardous waste, Incorrect disposal methods	2M		1L	



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11. Training & Supervision	Inadequate supervision Incorrect procedures			1L	



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12. Emergency Procedures	Inaccessibility to evergency equipment, Delayed response me	ЗН		2M	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compl

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow ally sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use an reisonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				_				
				Date				
			l te:					
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
	Date:							
		SAF WO A S	THUD STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to the ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure and subcontract as process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract as) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re essented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures				
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	3 ,	' '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	