

ared before



		C	LIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DE	TAILS				
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS				
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise		
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).				
Project Manager	:								
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager	Signature:								
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:							
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT				
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.			
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			□ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.					
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.				
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY				
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift		
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer		
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -			







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Unstable ground, Struck by moving excavator	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough site inspection to identify and assess any unstable ground conditions before commencing work with the excavate attachments.</li> <li>Ensure that all workers are trained and component in the safe operation of excavator attachments, as well as recognice potential harards.</li> <li>Set up appropriate signage, barriers, and excavate moving machinery.</li> <li>Plan the task ahead and compuncted the necestry safeter entrols, ensuring all workers understand their roles of responsibilities.</li> <li>Properly maintain e-o, envatored its attachments according to the manufacture/sendelines, enformed one-use is elections, and addressing any issues prom.</li> <li>Usent or provide the protective explorement (PPE) for workers such as hard hats, excisibility eves, and safety boots.</li> <li>Estate shift are concurrication lines between excavator operators and on-ground workers using levices the astwo-way radios, hand signals, or warning sirens.</li> <li>Insure that the vacavator is operated only by certified and experienced individuals without on best practices during attachment installation and use.</li> <li>In case of unstable ground conditions, employ suitable ground protection measures such as installing temporary support structures or using soil compaction techniques.</li> <li>Regularly monitor weather conditions and environmental factors throughout the project, and hat work if conditions become too hazardous, e.g., severe rainfall, high winds, or extreme temperatures.</li> </ul>	2М	
2. Site inspection	Uneven terrain, Falling objects	ЗН	<ul> <li>Implementing a thorough site inspection prior to commencing work to identify uneven terrain and potential falling objects, and taking note of any areas that require extra caution.</li> <li>Ensuring that all workers are properly trained in recognizing and managing risks associated with uneven terrain and falling objects.</li> <li>Enforcing the use of appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as steel-toed boots, hard hats, and high visibility vests for all personnel working in the vicinity of the excavator.</li> </ul>	1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			<ul> <li>Establishing designated walkways and clearly marking them with signage to minimise pedestrian exposure to hazards related to uneven terrain and falling objects.</li> <li>Regularly maintaining and inspecting the exponent attachments to make sure they are in good condition, and replacing any dataged or worn-parts as needed.</li> <li>Utilising barriers or exclusion zones around a world ea to prevent unauthorised access and reducing the risk of injury from fallic expects.</li> <li>Implementing a rigorous tracking programme for cavator expators to ensure they are proficient in the proper operation and handling where appment, including attachment changes excursed.</li> <li>Developing a subjective communication system etween the excavator operator and ground personnel, threigh two-vector additional signals, or other means for clear or mmunication in one of emergenesituations.</li> <li>Enforce strict excerce to manufacturer guidelines and recommendations for excave prefactment usage, including maximum load capacities and operating speed buils.</li> <li>Adoptil a systematic approach to carefully load and unload materials, ensuring a blaanced to reduce the risk of a falling object.</li> <li>Estate and ge an incident reporting and investigation system to promptly address any sidents wolving uneven terrain or falling objects, and implementing corrective a tors to reduce the work environment (SWMS) to incorporate new findings or changes to the work environment, ensuring continuous improvement in workplace safety practices.</li> </ul>		
3. Excavator setup	Incorrect attachment method, Pinch points	ЗН	<ul> <li>Proper training of excavator operators: Ensure that all operators have completed required training on the specific attachment method and excavator model.</li> <li>Pre-use inspection of equipment: Perform a thorough visual inspection of the attachment and connection points to identify any defects or wear that may affect proper operation.</li> <li>Consult manufacturer's manual: Always refer to the excavator and attachment manufacturer's recommendations and instructions for setting up and use.</li> <li>Verify correct attachment method for each task: Double-check before initiating the</li> </ul>	2M	
			<ul> <li>process that the chosen attachment method is correct for the specific task at hand, which may involve changing the attachment if necessary.</li> <li>Maintain clear communication between workers: Employees should be working together and communicating effectively throughout the entire process, ensuring each worker takes necessary precautions and adheres to safety guidelines.</li> </ul>		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			<ul> <li>Implement lockout/tagout procedures: Use lockout/tagout devices during the attachment process to prevent unintentional machine activation, protecting workers from potential pinch point injuries.</li> <li>Use appropriate personal protective equipment, PE): Require equipment such as gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed boot unile workers are involved in the excavator setup process.</li> <li>Designate a safe area: Establish a designate counce from the excavator's range of movement, with clear boundaries marked using pones, tapener signs to keep non-essential personnel away.</li> <li>Regularly monitor regionment connections: Scheduk using the attachment connecting point for no sening, wear or other issues throughout the workday.</li> <li>Establish emission of the area quickly.</li> <li>Encourage cultured vigilance and reporting: Promote an open dialogue within the work lace where in thickals feel comfortable reporting hazards or unsafe ractices withou part for process.</li> </ul>		
4. Starting operation	Equipment failure, Accidental contact	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
5. Digging	Contact with underground utilities, Overloading	4A		2М	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	PERSON NAME OF PERSON
	S				
6. Material handling	Falling materials, Unsecured loads	ЗН		1L	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
7. Excavator movement	Struck by hazards, Obstructed visibility	ЗН		2M	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Attachment change	Inadequate training, High-pressure hydraulics	ЗН		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
9. Maintenance	Poor machine condition, Electrical hazards	2М		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
JOB STEP SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RR RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
10. Fueling	Fire hazards, Spillage	ЗН		2М	

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Shutdown	Entanglement, Debris hazard	2M		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. Clean up	Slip and trip hazards, Fatigue	2М		1L	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON



#### EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE F	REFERENCES				
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE					
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Active 04 Occupational Health and unfetworg gulations 2017 Legislation VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulations</u> Unders of mactice VICe. <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>				
New South Wales         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017         Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-</a> Codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-</a>	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice				
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-sectaws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-sectaws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-sectaws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>				
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/levilation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice         - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work         - Confined spaces         - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals         - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace				
Tasmania         Work Health and Safety Act 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012         Legislation for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a> Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>	<ul> <li>Welding processes</li> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> </ul>				
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	<ul> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>Construction work</li> </ul>				

- Any required documents.



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

#### SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and acception of the process should be carried out in s any subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who recented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of continue measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wren Electrical Work, Versat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed ar noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
			·
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		