

Food Premises	SAFE WORK METHOD ST	ATEMENT (SWMS)	
Т	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Food Premis	es	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E. pil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PL OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducte proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (IUBU) is	required to thurshout a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conduct of unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either conduct or conclusion hazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must successful or ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		C	LIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DE	TAILS				
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS				
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise		
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).				
Project Manager	:								
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager	Signature:								
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:							
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT				
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.			
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.					
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.				
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY				
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift		
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer		
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -			







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips and trips, Cuts from knives	2M	 Implement a thorough cleaning and maintenance schedule for floors, ensuring that potential slip hazards such as spills or debris are act assed promptly. Provide appropriate non-slip footwear for worthes, ensuring proper fit and encouraging regular inspection for wear analysis. Install sufficient lighting in all areas of the footperent of to improve visibility and reduce the risk of slips and trips. Clearly mark any changes, bloor levels or unexploted standard high-visibility tape or paint to draw attention, bootential trip hazat. Rearrange worker uses of store areas to minimise clutter and ensure clear walkways, reducing chancing of triping over obtacles. Provide ade the training or staff on whether the handling techniques, including how to prevely gripherry. Us store knives. Allog the pecific of ang stations, away from high traffic areas, where cutting tasks can be can be can be varied of slipping and causing injury. Utime at ropriate cutting boards with non-slip surfaces and ensure they are accurely whore of while in use. Ensure thie kelihood of slipping and causing inproper storage that could head to accidental injuries. Encourage proper communication among team members to avoid collisions or accidents caused by workers being unaware of each other's movements. Offer ongoing training sessions and regular reminders for employees regarding workplace safety policies and best practices, reinforcing habits that can minimise risks associated with slips, trips, and cuts. Conduct periodic risk assessments of the food premises to identify any new potential hazards or necessary improvements to existing control measures. Foster a positive safety culture within the workplace by encouraging open communication and timely reporting of any incidents, near-misses, or hazardous conditions, allowing for prompt addressal and continuous improvement in overall safety. 	1L	
2. Cooking	Burns from hot surfaces, Fire hazards	ЗН	 Implement proper staff training and supervision to ensure that all workers are aware of the potential hazards, understand how to handle equipment correctly, and adhere to safe cooking procedures. Ensure that kitchen staff wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as oven mitts, closed-toe shoes, and heat-resistant aprons to protect them from burns while handling hot surfaces and equipment. 	2M	



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			- Utilise well-maintained equipment with safety features such as non-slip feet, temperature controls, and cool-touch handles to minimise accidents in the kitchen.		
			- Regularly inspect and maintain all cooking appliances to ensure they are functioning correctly and safely, and schedule came maintenance checks by licensed professionals.		
			- Keep workspaces and countertops free of the ter appropries and countertops accidental burns when reaching for hot utensite an upment.		
			- Establish a system for clear, marking hot surface and concunicating this information to all staff to reduce the risk of burns the ghat avertent contact.		
			- Enforce a 'clean a you of poly and promptly clean up any spills or grease on the floor to previous slips an vialls, the chimay remain contact with hot surfaces.		
			- Install firefigung equipment such as a compusible sand fire blankets strate ally are addition, ensuring they remain a site and functional.		
			- Develop a climple ont emergency fire response plans including regular fire drills and evaluation protocol ensuring all staff members are familiar with these procedulis.		
			- Le ourage stafts of immediately report any potential fire hazards, such as frayed electric ourds or gas leaks, and address these issues promptly and effectively.		
			ractice good housekeeping and always keep flammable materials, such as paper projects, packaging, or tea towels, away from direct heat sources to minimise fire risks.		
			- Monitor overall workplace temperature and ensure adequate ventilation throughout the kitchen to reduce excessive heat buildup, helping to mitigate the risk of fires and promoting a comfortable working environment.		
			 Proper storage of chemicals: Ensure that cleaning chemicals are stored in clearly labelled and sealed containers, away from food preparation areas and out of reach of children or unauthorised personnel. 		
			- Use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE): Provide workers with suitable PPE such as gloves, safety glasses, and aprons when handling and using cleaning chemicals.		
3. Cleaning	Chemical exposure, Wet floors	2M	- Training on handling chemicals: Ensure that all workers are trained on the correct methods of handling, storing, and disposing of potentially hazardous cleaning chemicals.	1L	
			- Adequate ventilation: Maintain proper ventilation in the cleaning area to reduce the risk of chemical fumes causing respiratory issues or discomfort for staff.		
			- Spill response plan: Have a designated spill response procedure in place to manage any accidental spills of cleaning chemicals immediately and effectively.		



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			- Slip-resistant flooring: Install slip-resistant flooring in cleaning areas to minimise the risk of falls due to wet floors.		
			- Signage: Display clear signage indicating the produce of wet floors during and after cleaning activities to alert staff and patron		
			- Regular maintenance checks: Conduct rear inspection and maintenance of cleaning equipment to ensure it is in good we hig or a reducing the risk of accidents and exposure to chemicals.		
			- Use of safer alternatives: We re possible, replace hazardor cueaning chemicals with more environmentally frie. I v and non-toxic all hat the		
			- Proper disposal controls and vaste materials: Dispose of used cleaning chemicals and quidelines to prevent harm to the controlment of ublic here to		
			 Schooled clearing times: Plan cleaning activities during less busy hours of operation op mining other risks associated with wet floors and the use of chemicals around standard parties. Anti-summa Use an slip mats in high-traffic areas, particularly where there may 		
			be wet from a to cleaning activities, to further reduce the risk of slips and falls.		
	R		- E rige ty eye, ash stations: Ensure that emergency eyewash stations are easily access that functional in case of accidental exposure to harmful chemicals during saning activities.		
	S				
4. Dishwashing	Scalds from hot water, Glass breakage	2M		1L	



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5. Food Storage	Contamination, Inadequate temperature control	ЗН		2М	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Waste Disposal	Sprains and strains, Pests	2М		1L	



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7. Delivery	Manual handling injuries, Vehicle accidents	2M		1L	

Version 2.5

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
8. Machine Operation	Machinery entanglement, Caught in moving parts	зн		2М	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL	NAME OF PERSON
9. Lifting & Handling	Musculoskeletal injuries, Falls	ЗН		2M	



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10. Maintenance	Electrical hazards, Unscheduled downtime	2M		1L	



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11. Employee Training	Inadequate knowledge, Miscommunication	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
12. Pest Control	Bites and stings, Crutamination	ZM		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE R	EFERENCES						
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE							
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Orchipational Health and Safety Action 04 Occupational Health and Safety Action 04 Legis from VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- fulations</u> Codes of contractice VIC <u>attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>						
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>						
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wd_place-serv-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wd_place-serv-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wd_place-serv-laws	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>						
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes						
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work 						
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 						

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and are subcontractions) who may be affected by the operation sentatives who received that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wey, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approved on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
			·
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	