

Pastry Sheeter S	SAFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)						
TASK OR ACTIVITY: Pastry Sheeter								
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PLOOF THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.						
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditional talks.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



		CL	IENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS		
Client:				SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise	
Project Address:					known as cope of works).		
Project Manager:							
Contact Phone:							
Project Manager Sig	gnature:						
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:						
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT		
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on	or near pressurised gas mains	s or piping.	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters. ☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower.				is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.	
				is carried out on	or near energised electrical in	stallations or services.	
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	is carried out in	an area that may have a conta	minated or flammable atmo	sphere.
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		☐ involves tilt-up o	r precast concrete.		
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on	, in or adjacent to a road, railwa	ay, shipping lane or other tr	affic corridor.
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in	an area of a workplace where t	there is any movement of po	owered mobile plant.
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes of	f temperature.	
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.		
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY		
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -	





FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Manual handling injuries, Cluttered workspace	2M	- Conduct thorough training sessions for employees on proper manual handling techniques, including correct lifting posture and how couse mechanical aids when possible. - Implement a system of regular breaks to course workers have ample opportunity to rest and recover from the physical demands of the task. - Include warm-up exercises and stretching rouse as part of the worker's daily routine to help reduce the risk of manual handling objuries. - Ensure all employees wear as copriate personal patents are equipment (PPE), such as gloves and support in fortwent to prevent injury as an gmanual handling tasks. - Establish demanted storms are and clear conways in the workspace to minimise clure and reduce the risk to tips a ralls. - Ensure the part of shour machine any other equipment are properly maintained and first uning an applicately to prevent malfunction-related injuries. - Clean may and enter eweight limits for manual lifting and communicate this information to all employees. - Tocourne works to seek help or use a team approach for lifting heavy loads, liming the risk obstrain injuries. - Set upulage to identify wet or slippery surfaces clearly, ensuring that workers a ware of potential hazards and can take necessary precautions. - Regularly inspect the workplace for hazards and promptly address any identified issues, such as damaged equipment, spilled material, or uneven flooring. - Maintain proper lighting levels in the workspace to improve visibility and reduce the risk of accidents occurring due to poor visibility. - Develop ergonomic workstations, focusing on aspects like adjustable-height tables and comfortable seating arrangements to minimise strain on workers' bodies. - Review and update workplace health and safety procedures regularly to ensure they align with the latest best practices and stay relevant to the specific needs of the work environment.	1L	
2. Machine Setup	Incorrect installation, Electrical hazards	3Н	 Ensure all machine parts are properly assembled according to the manufacturer's instructions and guidelines, addressing any potential risks of incorrect installation. Conduct a thorough inspection of the Pastry Sheeter to ensure all components, including electrical connections, are securely fastened and in their correct positions. Verify that the electrical supply is compatible with the machine's requirements, and confirm its appropriate voltage, amperage, and grounding as per manufacturer's specifications. 	2M	



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			 Install an appropriate circuit breaker or residual current device (RCD) to reduce the risk of electrical shocks resulting from overcurrents, short circuits, or earth leakage faults. Provide training to all staff who will be operating the Pastry Sheeter, ensuring they understand safe setup procedures and care untify possible hazards related to incorrect installation and electrical issues. Regularly conduct maintenance checks on the counce to inspect for wear and tear, loose connections, frayed cables, or any our signs of datalge that could pose a risk during operation. Use only high-qualities and cuipment when set youp or adjusting the Pastry Sheeter to minimation in the risk of improper installation or accidental damage to electrical consuments. Keep the sum unding and clean and currom obstructions or debris to avoid any accidence or mistors using the setup process. This includes maintaining clear access to be made as power source and emergency stop controls. Follow a document to ockout Tagout (LOTO) procedure during setup to help prevent nexto test stop or release of stored energy while assembling and nuncetor electrical components. Mace air roper communication between machine operators, maintenance erson, and supervisors during each stage of the setup process to address any necerns or questions regarding safe operation and hazard identification. Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed shoes for workers involved in the setup process to protect against potential injuries from sharp edges, falling objects, or electrical hazards. Display warning labels and signage near the Pastry Sheeter to remind workers of potential hazards during set-up, such as risks from moving parts, electrical hazards, or pinching injuries. 		
3. Dough Prepping	Food contamination, Knife injuries	2M	 Regular handwashing: Ensure all workers wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water before handling any food products, as well as throughout the work process to minimise the risk of food contamination. Food-safe gloves usage: Encourage the use of disposable, food-safe gloves when handling dough and other ingredients, particularly when using knives or other sharp tools. Proper Knife handling training: Provide proper knife handling training to all workers, including regular refreshers, to ensure they are confident in safe cutting techniques to avoid injuries. Equipment Maintenance: Keep the pastry sheeter and associated equipment clean and well-maintained to prevent any malfunction that may lead to injury or contamination. 	1L	



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			- Clear working area: Maintain a clean and organised workspace by removing any clutter or debris, ensuring there is enough room for workers to safely perform their duties.		
			- Temperature control: Store raw dough and of perishable items at appropriate temperatures to minimise the risk of bacter growth and potential foodborne illnesses.		
			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Encourage use of PPE, such as cut- resistant gloves, to minimise the risk of knife-reladinjuries.		
			- First Aid Kits availability: Kee vell-stocked first an its site and readily accessible in case of siuries accidents during adough prepping process.		
			- Adequate signed. Use control of the results of th		
			- Described cutting area. Set up clear, marked, designated cutting areas for separation cutting areas from other preparation processes to reduce cross-contain a many aidental injuries.		
			- Allerg av eness. Lucate staff on the importance of allergen management, including proper abeling and storage of allergenic ingredients, to avoid cross-tamin ion all subsequent allergic reactions.		
		\	Super super and monitoring: Assign experienced supervisors to oversee the dough epping access to ensure that proper safety protocols are followed and hazards a mitigated in a timely manner.		
			Incident reporting: Encourage workers to report any accidents, near misses, or unsafe practices observed in the dough prepping process for prompt investigation and corrective action.		
4. Loading Dough	Caught in rollers, Pinch points	3H		2M	



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5. Sheeting Process	Misaligned rollers, Noise exposure	2M		1L	



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6. Laminating Dough	Entrapment, Crush injuries	ЗН		1L	



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7. Cutting to Size	Sharp edges, Slips due to deens	2M		1L	



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8. Shaping Quarters	Repetitive motions, Hand strain	2M		1L	



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9. Filling Pastry	Burns from hot filling, Allergen cross- contamination	3Н		2M	



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10. Folding and Closing	Hand strain, Awkward postures	2M		1L	



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11. Baking	Burns from oven or hot surfaces, Fire hazard	5.		2M	



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12. Cooling and Packaging	Burn risks, Lifting heavy trays	2M		1L	







EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

	Tollow any sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all resonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.									
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor			
				Date:						
					Date					
				l te:						
			AV	Date:						
				Date:						
				Date:						
				Date:						
SAF WC A STHED STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW										
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontract as who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re essented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist			The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures							
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	3 ,	' '			
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7			
NAME										
INITIALS										
DATE										



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	