

Platform Ladder	SAFE WORK METHOD STA	ATEMENT (SWMS)	
T	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Platform Lado	der	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PLOOF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (r 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CL	IENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS			
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise		
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	gnature:							
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
☐ is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		is carried out on	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.			
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete.				
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.				
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.				
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.				
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.			
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY			
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -		





#### FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and improper ladder placement	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct a pre-work risk assessment to identify potential hazards in the area, such as uneven surfaces or obstacles that could cause trict and slips.</li> <li>Ensure workers have undergone proper training on ladder safety, correct placement, and techniques for maintaining chance while working at height.</li> <li>Regularly inspect the platform ladder for any lamage of wear that may compromise its stability and replace or repair a chaed.</li> <li>Choose the appropriate size and type of platform adder for a ctask being performed, considering factors inch as height, stable of a weight capacity.</li> <li>Place the platform and on a fine stable surface free from clutter or debris that could cause it to wobble on ove on a guse.</li> <li>Utilise non-surfootwear a safety shape or good grip to prevent slipping on ladderings on atform.</li> <li>Instante porary addoning or barriers around the work area to reduce the risk of trip hay ras a used to other workers or equipment.</li> <li>Consider using a spouse to monitor and assist with stabilising the ladder while it is use, enceian of the worker is carrying heavy or awkward objects.</li> <li>Einstante platform ladder is secured properly and locked in place according to nanufactures' specifications before commencing work.</li> <li>courage the use of tool belts and other equipment designed to keep tools and makerials secure while working on the ladder, reducing the need to hold items while climbing or working at height.</li> <li>Implement regular breaks and rotation of tasks among workers to minimise fatigue and maintain concentration, further reducing the risk of slips and trips related to human error.</li> </ul>	1L	
2. Inspection	Incomplete inspection, sharp edges or other defects	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct a pre-use inspection of the platform ladder, ensuring all components are present and in good working order.</li> <li>Check for any visible signs of wear, damage, or corrosion on the ladder and its components, including steps, locking mechanisms, and side rails.</li> <li>Ensure that the ladder has been properly assembled and locked into position, with all fasteners securely tightened.</li> <li>Inspect for sharp edges or other defects on all surfaces of the ladder, including steps, side rails, and platform. If found, report the defect and immediately take the ladder out of service until it has been repaired or replaced.</li> <li>Examine the non-slip feet of the platform ladder, ensuring they are in good condition and free from debris that may compromise their effectiveness.</li> <li>Verify that there are no loose or missing screws, nuts, bolts, or other connecting hardware that could compromise the structural integrity of the ladder.</li> </ul>	1L	



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			<ul> <li>Confirm that the ladder is positioned on a stable, level surface, and that all legs are making full contact with the ground to ensure proper weight distribution and stability.</li> </ul>		
			- Make sure the platform ladder has not exceeded maximum load capacity or height restrictions, as specified by the manufacturer.		
			- Double-check that all safety devices, such a guardrail of devices, are properly installed and in working order.		
			- Ensure that workers who will be using the plate a ladder have received appropriate training on safe and end and under and their ponsibilities in relation to workplace health are rafety.		
			- Implement a recommendation and to programme for the platform ladder to keep it in optimal working andition and to platform a late platform.		
			- Create a sys on for door senting instances, findings, and any preventative and correct a action take mating to ladd safety.		
			- Prov e resonal extective equipment (PPE) such as gloves and safety footwear to work as, necessity, to reduce the risk of injury when handling the ladder and performing talks at he left.		
	•		reate clear to of communication for workers to report any concerns or hazards read to be placerm ladder so that they can be addressed promptly and effective		
			- Novide adequate training: Ensure that all workers involved in the assembly process have received proper training to do so safely, including lifting techniques and potential hazards.		
			- Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers should wear fitting gloves and appropriate attire to minimise the risk of injuries due to pinch points and musculoskeletal strains.		
3. Assembly Pinch points, musculoskeletar injuries from lifting		2M	- Two-person lifting: If the platform ladder components are particularly heavy or awkward to manage, consider having two people working together during assembly to lessen the strain on a single worker.	1L	
		- Implement correct lifting techniques: Encourage workers to lift with their legs while keeping their back straight and avoid twisting their bodies while lifting to minimise the potential for injury.			
			- Leverage mechanical aids: Where possible, utilise equipment such as a dolly or a crane to move and assemble parts of the platform ladder, reducing manual handling risks.		
			- Inspect ladder components before assembly: Check for any defects, wear, or warping of the ladder parts and immediately report any issues that may compromise the integrity of the assembled ladder.		



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			- Establish a safe workspace: Ensure the assembly area is clean, clutter-free, and well-lit, providing ample space for workers to safely maneuver during the assembly process.		
			- Secure ladder components: When assembling the ladder, double-check that all fasteners and connections are securely tight and properly aligned, minimising pinch points and potential injuries.		
			- Take regular breaks: Encourage workers to the conft, frequent breaks to rest their bodies and prevent muscle fatigue, which could centially lead musculoskeletal injuries.		
			- Monitor the work extrement: Intinuously assess a conditions of the workspace for are new hards or langes in existing hazards and communicate updates to all orders as no ded to sure the languing safety throughout the assembly process.		
4. Positioning	Falling objects, unstable ground for ladder	зн		2M	



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5. Climbing	Falls from height, overreaching, and shifted body weight	ЗН		1L	



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6. Performing Work	Dropped tools, unsecured work platform, and overhead hazards	ЗН		2M	



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7. Communication	Miscommunication leading to accidents, errors	2M		1L	



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8. Breaks	Unauthorised access to ladder, loo materials	2M		1L	



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9. Emergency Management	Inadequate response in emergencies, poor evacuation planed:	2M		1L	



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10. Housekeeping	Cluttered work area, obstaccess, fire hazards	2M		1L	



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11. Climbing Down	Loss of balance, slippery rungs, incorrect footing	ЗН		2M	



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12. Disassembly and Storage	Potential pinching and heavy lifting	2M		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$ 

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

	Tollow ally sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all resonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.							
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				_				
				Date				
				l te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW								
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rake sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are subcontract as who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re essented that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist			The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures					
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	<b>3</b> ,	· '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of contameasures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vocat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CC	MPLETED	