

Rigging   SAF	E WORK METHOD STATE	MENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Rigging		
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (r 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CL	IENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	gnature:								
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:								
ANY HIGH-RISK CON TUCT NO JRK BEING CARRIED OUT									
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
☐ is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	is carried out in	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.					
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.				
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY				
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -			





#### FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, Unstable surfaces	2M	- Conduct a thorough site inspection before work commences to identify any existing trip hazards and unstable surfaces, marking them cloudy with warning signage or barricades.  - Ensure that all workers are provided with a want training about the specific risks of rigging tasks and the steps to be taken to bitigate the unazards, particularly those related to trip hazards and unstable surfaces.  - Establish designated walking paths in the working a, ensuring they are cleared of debris, equipment, and other naterials that may plus a trip of ward. Additionally, make sure that these paths provide stable ground for the objects to walk on.  - Implement regressionous sepings occadures to maintain a clean and orderly workspace, mainising the latentials octained trip has as produced by loose tools, equipment, an objects leftlying around.  - Provided II workers or appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), such as slip-re is at footive to help prevent slips, trips, and falls caused by unstable surfaces.  - Scheding et a ment to I material deliveries thoughtfully, so that items can be laced in heir or lignated locations immediately upon arrival, reducing the likelihood on other had obstactions that create trip hazards.  Verify antegrity and stability of temporary working platforms, scaffolds, and Iddes by conducting routine inspections and implementing necessary repairs or reacing faulty equipment promptly.  Utilise safety devices such as guardrails, toe stops, covers, or hole netting where needed to protect workers from falling into holes, trenches, or over the edge of elevated work areas.  - Evaluate weather conditions before work begins, paying close attention to rain, wind, frost, or other factors that may increase the risk of slipping or instability during rigging tasks. If conditions are deemed unsafe, consider postponing the work.  - Encourage a strong culture of communication in the workplace, promoting open discussions among team members about potential hazards and encouraging workers to report any new or	1L	
2. Rigging Selection	Incorrect equipment, Defective gear	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct thorough pre-use inspection of all rigging equipment to ensure no defects, damages, or signs of wear are present.</li> <li>Assess the weight and dimensions of the load to be rigged, as well as any specific requirements for its handling, to determine if the rigging capacity is appropriate and safe.</li> <li>Develop a rigging plan that outlines the selection of appropriate hardware, such as slings, shackles, and hoists, based on manufacturers' guidelines and calculated capacities.</li> </ul>	1L	



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			- Follow a clear and consistent tagging and labeling system to identify inspected and approved rigging equipment, ensuring workers are using only approved gear.		
			- Provide comprehensive training for all personnel colved in the rigging process, emphasising the importance of selecting the color equipment and understanding how to inspect for defects or wear.		
			- Schedule regular maintenance checks and vices all rigging gear to enhance the longevity and confirm reliability. Furthermore that documentation of these maintenance activities in easily accessible relevant per onnel.		
			- Implement strict adherence to anufacturer's special to when selecting rigging components, including sident factors like sling a lee, temperature range, abrasion resistant, and to e.		
			- Maintain all ventory sys in that in itor e availability and condition of rigging equipment, all ling for a k replacen for repair of damaged items.		
			- Enforce trict stand guidelines for all rigging equipment to prevent potential damaged to environmental factors or incorrect storage methods.		
			- Instigate a nearting process for workers to communicate immediately any possible rigging of ficients, ensuring timely investigation and corrective actions.		
			- Position by alterations or modifications to rigging components without proper authors in and documentation.		
		入	tilise secondary safety devices, such as softeners and edge protectors, as new ssary to safeguard against potential sharp edges or abrasive surfaces affecting equipment integrity.		
			- Promote a dynamic work environment where workers are encouraged to stop work if they feel that rigging may be unsafe or compromised in any way, supporting a culture of safety and proactive problem resolution.		
			- Conduct regular audits and reviews of SWMS adherence to ensure compliance with guidelines, troubleshoot any shortcomings in the rigging selection process, and continuously improve the overall workplace safety programme.		
			- Pre-Inspection of slinging equipment: Conduct thorough equipment inspections prior to use; check for any wear, corrosion, or damage that could lead to failure while rigging operations are underway.		
3. Slinging Loads	Falling objects, Inadequate capacity	3H	- Load assessment and selection of appropriate equipment: Ensure the weight of the load is accurately determined and proper slings, shackles, and other rigging equipment matching the load capacity is selected.	2M	
			- Rigging plan: Develop a detailed rigging plan based on the load specifications and installation location; ensure the plan outlines safe lifting techniques, equipment usage, and communication protocols.		
			- Rigging personnel competency: Verify that all workers involved in the rigging operation have undergone proper training for their designated roles and hold		



6

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			relevant licenses and certifications required for performing the task safely and efficiently.		
			- Secure load attachment: Correctly attach the load lift points with suitable slings and shackles, ensuring the load is balanced are vable.		
			- Taglines: Use taglines to control the load provement of all lifting and help prevent swinging or rotating, reducing the rise of falling opects.		
			- Safety exclusion zones: Establish designated type exclusion ones around the lifting area and make sure the are clearly market if to restruccess from unauthorised personnel.		
			- Two-person ruler prount a function of slinging operations; having a designated sign of in a vicine local in will improve communication among crew members.		
			- Communication protocols. Put in place wear and effective communication methods between two works of the protocol of the prot		
			- Regul mo pring a leather conditions: Continuously monitor weather sondition, such as strong winds or heavy rainfall, which can adversely affect rigging contaition, and proper increased hazards. Delay or stop work if the conditions become unsu		
			Emergency action plan: Have an emergency action plan in place and ensure all commembers understand their roles and responsibilities in the event of an accident or initial situation.		
			- Post-lift inspection: Conduct periodic inspections of slinging equipment after each lift, checking for any signs of wear or damage that may compromise the equipment's load capacity. Report and address any maintenance needs immediately.		
4. Communication	Miscommunication, Obstructed signals	2M		1L	



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5. Lifting Loads	Overloading equipment, Suspension trauma	4A		2M	



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JOB STEP  SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	POTENTIAL HAZARDS  HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	IR INITIAL RISK	CONTROL MEASURES  SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RR RESIDUAL RISK	RESPONSIBLE PERSON  NAME OF PERSON
6. Positioning Loads	Pinch points, Uncontrolled movement	ЗН		1L	



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7. Travelling Loads	Swing path hazards.			2M	



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8. Load Securing	Improper tie-dowr Slipping less to	2M		1L	



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9. Anchoring Equipment	Incorrect anchor points, Tension imbalance	4A		2M	



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10. Dismantle Rigging	Stored energy release, Ensuring stability	ЗН		1L	



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11. Inspection	Undetected defects, Maintenance issues	2M		1L	



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12. Storage & Documentation	Hazardous materials storage, Incorrect labeling	2M		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractice NSW

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>qulat.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow any sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use an reisonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				_				
				Date				
			l te:					
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
		SAF WO A S	THUD STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to the ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure and subcontract as process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract as) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who researched that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures				
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	<b>3</b> ,	· '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	