

Shrink Wrapper	SAFE WORK METHOD STA	ATEMENT (SWMS)						
T.	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Shrink Wrapp	oer						
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS, well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.								
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the cond	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structured. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:				SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise					
Project Address:				known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:										
Contact Phone:										
Project Manager Sig	gnature:									
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:									
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT					
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on	or near pressurised gas mains	s or piping.				
☐ is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	or near energised electrical in	stallations or services.				
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower. ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-be in. ☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrit of a structure.				is carried out in	an area that may have a conta	minated or flammable atmo	sphere.			
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		☐ involves tilt-up o	r precast concrete.					
involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-be in			prevent collapse.	is carried out on	, in or adjacent to a road, railwa	ay, shipping lane or other tr	affic corridor.			
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in	an area of a workplace where t	there is any movement of po	owered mobile plant.			
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes of	f temperature.				
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.					
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY					
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift			
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer			
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -				





FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, Falling objects	2M	 Develop and implement a proper housekeeping plan that includes regular inspection and cleaning of the work area to minimiser ip hazards, such as cables, trash, or debris. Clearly mark designated walkways and strong areas to keep pathways clear for movement and prevent obstruction due to oner. Train staff on proper lifting techniques and have up of materials to reduce the risk of dropping items or losing the grip on tools and onlipment that they cause them to fall. Utilise appropriate actual promotive equipment (Four like steel-toed boots, helmets, and global to promot against falling objects and trip hazards. Establish on gnated zon of or stong tool aquipment, and materials away from walkways and orkspace educing the concess of creating trip hazards. Instructurally not nats and adhesive tapes in high-traffic areas to ensure proper traction be seen strong and surfaces, reducing the likelihood of slipping or tripping. Conducture are safe toolbox talks to remind employees of potential hazards and control measure of steeming a safety-conscious culture in the workplace. Installing ordraffs, parriers, or other physical boundaries in hazardous areas where worked acceptage workers to report any trip hazards or unsafe situations immediately, and address the issue promptly to reduce the risk of accidents. Ensure adequate lighting in the work area to enhance visibility, making it easier to identify trip hazards and navigate through the space safely. Implement a system for regular maintenance checks of machinery and tools, ensuring they are in proper working condition and free of any obstacles that could result in falling objects as a consequence of malfunctioning. 	1L	
2. Machine Setup	Electrical hazards, Pinch points	3Н	- Ensure proper inspection and maintenance of electrical wiring in the machine and work area, including the use of grounded and insulated cables. - Verify correct voltage and power supply are set for the machine to prevent potential electrical incidents, such as surges, current fluctuations, or short circuits while setting up. - Make sure appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) like gloves and safety shoes are used during the setup process to protect against electrical hazards and pinch points. - Install machine guards or removable barriers around dangerous working parts, such as rollers, conveyors, and blades, to prevent unauthorised access and accidental contact with pinch points.	2M	



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			- Follow the manufacturer's guidelines and standard operating procedures when setting up the machine to ensure safe and efficient operation.		
			- Before beginning the setup process, perform a the ugh risk assessment of the machine and its surroundings to identify potential azards.		
			- Provide ongoing training and refresher comes to all perminel involved in the shrink-wrapping process to maintain a high in of competence in machine operation and hazard controls.		
			- Use caution signs and warren labels on and are do the short wrapper machine to alert workers of the potential entrical hazards and archaelts in the area.		
			- Conduct regular and some some some some some some some some		
			hazar prompt to missise risks associated with the setup. - Use cout/tago procedures when servicing, adjusting, or cleaning the shrink		
			wrappe me sine due a setup to prevent accidental startups or movements.		
			- Encourage can companication among team members about potential hazards, difoster an all asphere where employees feel empowered to report risks without feat fre, isal.		
			Ensure equate lighting and visibility in the workspace to increase the chances of ecting any potential hazards during the machine setup. - Establish emergency response procedures and conduct regular drills to prepare workers for any unexpected events involving electrical hazards or pinch points that could occur during the setup process.		
	5		- Proper training: Ensure that all workers are adequately trained in correct manual handling techniques to avoid strain injuries and incorrect body posture during product loading.		
			- Ergonomic equipment: Utilise mechanical aids such as trolleys, hand trucks, and pallet jacks to reduce the effort required for lifting, moving and stacking products.		
			- Appropriate footwear: Require workers to wear suitable non-slip footwear with good traction to minimise the risk of slips and falls during the product loading process.		
3. Product Loading	Manual handling injuries, Slips and falls	3H	- Safe Working Load (SWL) limits: Clearly display SWL limits on all loading equipment and enforce strict adherence to these limits to prevent overloading and subsequent injuries.	1L	
			- Regular maintenance checks: Conduct routine inspections and maintenance of all product-loading equipment to ensure its safety and reliability, reducing the risk of accidents and breakdowns during operation.		
			- Housekeeping measures: Maintain a clean, organised and clutter-free workspace by implementing regular cleaning schedules and efficiently managing waste materials to prevent slip and trip hazards.		



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			- Spill management: Implement an effective spill response plan including immediate containment, cleanup, and disposal of any liquids or materials that could pose a slipping hazard during product loading.		
			- Effective communication: Encourage open changes of communication among workers to share information about potential azards and suggest improvements in the workplace safety procedures related to aduct load a tasks.		
			- Adequate lighting: Provide sufficient and well and uted lighting throughout the work area to enhance visibility and make it easie or workers to avigate without slipping or tripping.		
			- Monitoring and review analyse erformance data, in each reports, and employee feedback to evalue the chacy existing control measures and implement continuous in sovements to naintal an option sevel of workplace health and safety during anduct load.		
4. System Start-up	Noise exposure, Entrapment	3H		2M	

Review Date:



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5. Shrink Wrapping Process	Burns from hot surfaces, Entanglement	ЗН		1L	



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6. Quality Check	Eye strain, Ergonomic issues	2M		1L	



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7. Finished Product Transfer	Crushing injuries, Forklift collisions	4A		2M	



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8. Maintenance & Cleaning	Exposure to hazardous chemicals, Cuts from sharp objects	3H		1L	



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		RISA		RISK	
9. Changeover to different product size	Pinch points, Heavy lifting	3H		2M	



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10. Trouble-shooting & Repairs	Electric shock, Cd. ned spaces	4A		1L	



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11. Waste Disposal	Manual handling injuries, Slips due leaked material	2M		1L	



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12. Shut Down Procedures	Caught in-between moving parts, Electrical hazard	ЗН		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

Tulat

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow any sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use an reisonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				_				
				Date				
				l te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
Date:								
		SAF WO A S	THUD STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to the ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements are subcontracted by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who research that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures				
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	3 ,	· '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	