

**Trencher Pedestrian Type | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)**

**TASK OR ACTIVITY: Trencher Pedestrian Type**

Business Name: [Company Name]	ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]		
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	Email:

**THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCBU OF THE PROJECT**

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

Full Name:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS, as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.

Full Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

**ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED** | **NAME AND DATED SIGNATURE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS**

	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, then to communicate those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

**CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS**

Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise known as scope of works).
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Project Manager Signature:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	

**ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT**

<input type="checkbox"/> involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on a telecommunication tower.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.
<input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.
<input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity of a structure.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.
<input type="checkbox"/> involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asbestos.	<input type="checkbox"/> involves tilt-up or precast concrete.
<input type="checkbox"/> involves structural alteration or repair that requires temporary supports to prevent collapse.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near a confined space.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5m or tunnel involving use of explosives.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	<input type="checkbox"/> involves diving work.

**ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY**

<input type="checkbox"/> Forklift	<input type="checkbox"/> Crane/s	<input type="checkbox"/> Hoist/s	<input type="checkbox"/> Excavator	<input type="checkbox"/> Backhoe/Loader	<input type="checkbox"/> Boom Lift	<input type="checkbox"/> EWP	<input type="checkbox"/> Genie Lift
<input type="checkbox"/> Trencher	<input type="checkbox"/> Drilling Rig	<input type="checkbox"/> Trucks	<input type="checkbox"/> Formwork	<input type="checkbox"/> Bobcat	<input type="checkbox"/> Flammable Gas	<input type="checkbox"/> Fuel	<input type="checkbox"/> Dozer
<input type="checkbox"/> High Voltage	<input type="checkbox"/> Mulcher	<input type="checkbox"/> Tilt-up Panels	<input type="checkbox"/> Roller	<input type="checkbox"/> Scissor Lift	<input type="checkbox"/> Tractor	<input type="checkbox"/> Other -	

**RISK MATRIX**

LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED	<b>Elimination</b> Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED	<b>Substitution</b> Replace the hazard.
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	<b>Isolation</b> Isolate People from the hazard
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	<b>Engineering</b> Isolate the hazard.
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	Monitor and keep records	<b>Administrative</b> Change the work. <b>PPE</b>

**Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:** Elimination methods are the most effective and preferred when controlling a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the third most effective, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) is the least effective method.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	EYE/FACE PROTECTION	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Select the appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

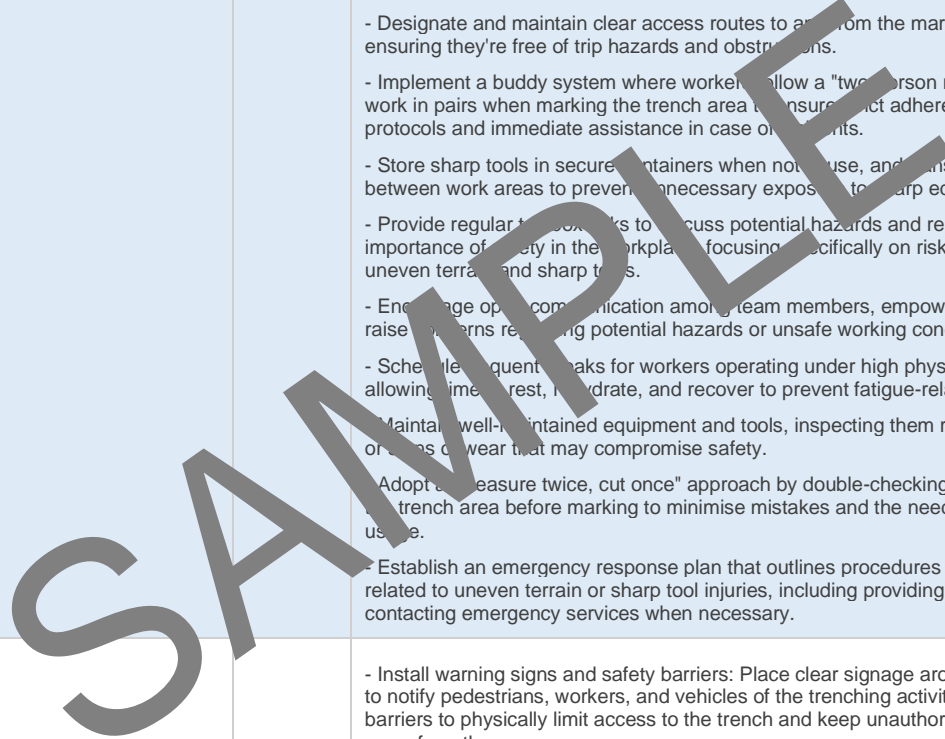
**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

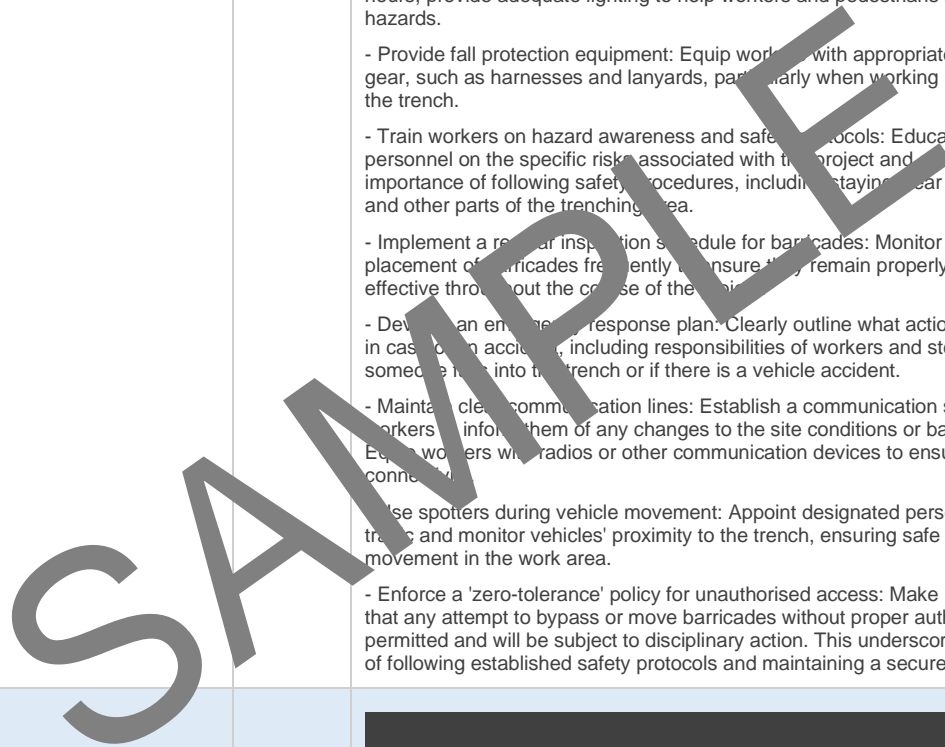
1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS; and,
3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, Falling objects	2M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Conduct a thorough site inspection prior to beginning work, identifying and marking any potential trip hazards in the area where the trencher will be operated.</li> <li>- Clear the work area of debris, clutter, and any obstacles that can cause trips or falls while operating the trencher.</li> <li>- Establish clear walkways around the worksite and ensure they are kept free from obstructions and hazards at all times.</li> <li>- Display warning signs and barriers around the work area to alert workers and pedestrians of potential trip hazards or falling objects.</li> <li>- Ensure that workers wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) including steel-toe boots, gloves, and high-visibility clothing to minimise injury risks from trip hazards and falling objects.</li> <li>- Train all workers on proper lifting techniques and utilisation of equipment to prevent strains and injuries from moving heavy objects.</li> <li>- Store materials safely away from the edges of trenches and excavation areas to reduce the risk of them falling into the trench.</li> <li>- Develop an emergency response plan to address potential accidents or incidents involving trip hazards and falling objects, ensuring that all workers are familiar with the plan and know how to execute it.</li> <li>- Schedule regular safety briefings for workers to discuss any new hazards or control measures related to trip hazards and falling objects, promoting a culture of safety on site.</li> <li>- Periodically review and update the Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) as needed to ensure that it remains relevant to the actual work being performed and to account for any changes or improvements in hazard control measures.</li> <li>- Monitor weather conditions closely before starting the work process, and adjust the schedule if necessary to avoid working during times of heavy rain, strong winds, or other adverse conditions that may increase the likelihood of trip hazards or falling objects.</li> </ul>	1L	
2. Marking Trench Area	Uneven terrain, Sharp tools	2M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ensure all workers have received proper training on identifying hazards and implementing control measures related to uneven terrain and sharp tools while marking the trench area.</li> <li>- Conduct a thorough site inspection before commencing work, focusing on identifying any uneven terrain or obstacles that may pose a risk to worker safety.</li> <li>- Clearly mark the trench area using high-visibility marking tape or flags, taking care to ensure the markings are visible in all lighting conditions.</li> <li>- Make sure all workers wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including sturdy, slip-resistant footwear, gloves, and high-visibility clothing.</li> </ul>	1L	

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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Utilise temporary barriers or fencing around the trench area to prevent unauthorised personnel from entering the marked area.</li> <li>- Designate and maintain clear access routes to and from the marked trench area, ensuring they're free of trip hazards and obstructions.</li> <li>- Implement a buddy system where workers follow a "two person rule" and always work in pairs when marking the trench area to ensure strict adherence to safety protocols and immediate assistance in case of incidents.</li> <li>- Store sharp tools in secure containers when not in use, and transport them safely between work areas to prevent unnecessary exposure to sharp edges.</li> <li>- Provide regular toolbox talks to discuss potential hazards and reinforce the importance of safety in the workplace, focusing specifically on risks associated with uneven terrain and sharp tools.</li> <li>- Encourage open communication among team members, empowering workers to raise concerns regarding potential hazards or unsafe working conditions.</li> <li>- Schedule frequent breaks for workers operating under high physical demand, allowing time for rest, hydration, and recovery to prevent fatigue-related incidents.</li> <li>- Maintain well-maintained equipment and tools, inspecting them regularly for defects or signs of wear that may compromise safety.</li> <li>- Adopt a "measure twice, cut once" approach by double-checking measurements of the trench area before marking to minimise mistakes and the need for additional tool use.</li> <li>- Establish an emergency response plan that outlines procedures for incidents related to uneven terrain or sharp tool injuries, including providing first aid and contacting emergency services when necessary.</li> </ul>		
3. Setting up Barricades	Falling into trench, Traffic accidents	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Install warning signs and safety barriers: Place clear signage around the work area to notify pedestrians, workers, and vehicles of the trenching activity. Use safety barriers to physically limit access to the trench and keep unauthorised personnel away from the area.</li> <li>- Designate a clear pathway for pedestrian traffic: Ensure there is a safe and unobstructed path for pedestrians to bypass the work zone, minimising their exposure to potential hazards.</li> <li>- Implement a traffic management plan: Develop and enforce a traffic management plan to control vehicular movement around the construction area. This may include speed limits, designated routes, and designated parking areas to reduce the risk of accidents.</li> <li>- Clearly mark the edge of trenches: Use brightly colored marking materials like flagging tape, spray paint, or cones to make the edge of the trench easily visible to anyone approaching the area.</li> </ul>	2M	



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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Establish proper lighting: If working in low-light conditions or during night-time hours, provide adequate lighting to help workers and pedestrians see and avoid hazards.</li> <li>- Provide fall protection equipment: Equip workers with appropriate fall protection gear, such as harnesses and lanyards, particularly when working near the edge of the trench.</li> <li>- Train workers on hazard awareness and safety protocols: Educate and train all personnel on the specific risks associated with the project and emphasise the importance of following safety procedures, including staying clear of the barricades and other parts of the trenching area.</li> <li>- Implement a regular inspection schedule for barricades: Monitor the condition and placement of barricades frequently to ensure they remain properly installed and effective throughout the course of the project.</li> <li>- Develop an emergency response plan: Clearly outline what actions are to be taken in case of an accident, including responsibilities of workers and steps to take if someone falls into the trench or if there is a vehicle accident.</li> <li>- Maintain clear communication lines: Establish a communication system among workers to inform them of any changes to the site conditions or barricade positions. Equip workers with radios or other communication devices to ensure constant connectivity.</li> <li>- Use spotters during vehicle movement: Appoint designated personnel to direct traffic and monitor vehicles' proximity to the trench, ensuring safe and controlled movement in the work area.</li> <li>- Enforce a 'zero-tolerance' policy for unauthorised access: Make it clear to all staff that any attempt to bypass or move barricades without proper authorization is not permitted and will be subject to disciplinary action. This underscores the importance of following established safety protocols and maintaining a secure work environment.</li> </ul>		
4. Pedestrian Type Trencher Set-Up	Incorrect assembly, Collision risks	2M	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
5. Trench Excavation	Striking underground utilities, Cave-ins	4A	[REDACTED]	2M	
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		





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			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
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			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
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			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
7. Trench Edge Shoring	Collapsing edges, Pinch points	3H	[Redacted]	2M	

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		
8. Trench Inspections	Slips and falls, Encountering hazardous substances	3H	[Redacted]	1L	
			[Redacted]		
			[Redacted]		



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9. Manhole Access/Placement	Falls from height, Confined space risk	1A	[REDACTED]	2M	

SAMPLE

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			[REDACTED]		
10. Pipe/Cable Laying	Crushing injuries, truck-by moving equipment	4A	[REDACTED]	2M	

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
11. Trench Backfilling	Working near machinery collapse of excavated materials	4A	[REDACTED]	2M	

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
12. Site Clean-up	Exposure to contaminants, Waste disposal injuries	3H	[REDACTED]	1L	

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
13. Equipment De-Mobilisation	De-energising equipment, Transport incidents	3H	[REDACTED]	1L	
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
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			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
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			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
14. Sign Off and Handover	Communication issues, Incomplete work	2M	[REDACTED]	1L	
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE

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			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
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			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE

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SAMPLE

**EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

**LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES**

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES FOR ANY STATE THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

<p><b>Queensland &amp; Australian Capital Territory</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2011                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011                  Legislation QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</a>                  Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>                  Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>                  Codes of Practice ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a></p>	<p><b>Victoria</b>                  Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004                  Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017                  Legislation VIC: <a href="https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations</a>                  Codes of Practice VIC: <a href="https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice">https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</a></p>
<p><b>New South Wales</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2011                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017                  Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation</a>                  Codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-of-codes-of-practice">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-of-codes-of-practice</a></p>	<p><b>Western Australia</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2020                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022                  Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a>                  Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a></p>
<p><b>Northern Territory</b>                  Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011                  Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 2011                  Legislation NT: <a href="https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplaces-and-laws">https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplaces-and-laws</a>                  Codes of Practice NT: <a href="https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a></p>	<p><b>Safe Work Australia Links</b>                  Law and Regulation (All States): <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</a>                  Model Codes of Practice: <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice</a></p>
<p><b>South Australia</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)                  Legislation for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</a>                  Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs</a></p>	<p><b>Model Codes of Practice</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work</li> <li>- Confined spaces</li> <li>- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals</li> <li>- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace</li> <li>- Welding processes</li> <li>- First aid in the workplace</li> <li>- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>- Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>- Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>- Demolition work</li> <li>- Excavation work</li> <li>- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>- Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>- How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>- Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>- Construction work</li> </ul>
<p><b>Tasmania</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2012                  Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012                  Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012                  Legislation for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>                  Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a></p> <p>Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Permits from local council</li> <li>- Authorisation to commence work</li> <li>- Any required documents.</li> </ul>	

**SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT**

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		

**SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW**

**The SWMS must be reviewed regularly** to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are needed. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

**The SWMS must be monitored regularly** for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

**SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST**

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective solutions.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of control measures.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be used.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training, skills required to perform the work.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Lists any required permits or licenses.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<b>REVIEWED BY</b>		<b>DATE REVIEWED</b>	
<b>SIGNATURE</b>		<b>DATE COMPLETED</b>	