

Vinyl Installation SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)								
TA	SK OR ACTIVITY: Vinyl Installa	tion						
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E qil:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P. J OF THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (k BU) is	s required to ture out a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	compliance of the SWMS well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.						
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A	ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conduct or unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either contact or contact and hazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must study prately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



		C	LIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DE	TAILS				
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS				
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwis				
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).				
Project Manager	:								
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager	Signature:								
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:							
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT				
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.			
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.					
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		is carried out on o	is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.				
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY				
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift		
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer		
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -			







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, Electrical hazards	2М	 Ensure that the work area is clean and free of debris, loose cords, or any other obstacles that could cause slips, trips, or falls. Inspect the flooring surface for any irregularities of damages, repairing them as needed to provide a stable and even found on for vinyl installation. Implement proper lighting, both ambient an onsk-second, to ensure clear visibility during the preparation stage of vinyl installation. Use non-slip footwear and courage workers to ear suitable clothing that does not impede movement or present trip hazards, such a later of long garments. Organise and more and cloud trip hazards, such a later of long garments. Organise and more and cloud trip hazards, such a later of long garments. Clearly many stential heards, such a tor or uneven surfaces, using signage or barrience, and opmendate these hazards to all personnel in the vicinity. Perform gular softy checks on electrical equipment, including power tools, extens in a dis, and utlets, to ensure proper functioning and to detect potential hazards before they in tifest. Itilise gounds alt circuit interrupters (GFCIs) on all electrical equipment to reduce the reduct of an electrical fault. Train we are in the proper use and handling of electrical equipment, emphasising importance of unplugging devices when not in use or performing maintenance. Excourage clear communication between team members throughout the preparation process to coordinate activities and prevent accidents resulting from misunderstandings or miscommunication. Implement and enforce a policy requiring workers to promptly report any hazards or unsafe conditions observed during the preparation stage, allowing for fast resolution and prevention of potential incidents. 	1L	
2. Material Handling	Manual handling injuries, Struck by objects	2M	 Proper training: Ensure all workers are trained in correct manual handling techniques and material storage before commencing work to prevent injuries. Use of appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Workers should wear gloves, safety boots, and high-visibility clothing as required while handling materials to minimise the risk of injury. Implement a buddy system: Encourage workers to work in pairs when lifting or carrying heavy materials, so they can provide assistance and support to each other during movements. Provide mechanical aids: Utilise mechanical devices such as trolleys, dollies, or pallet jacks for transporting heavier loads and reduce the strain on workers. Store materials securely: Ensure materials are neatly stacked and safely stored in designated areas with clear access pathways to avoid the possibility of objects toppling or falling onto workers. 	1L	



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			 Regular breaks: Encourage workers to take regular breaks when handling materials for an extended period to allow the body time for adequate rest and recovery. Inspect equipment regularly: Conduct routine nucks on all handling equipment like trolleys, hoists, and straps to ensure they a tak good working condition and free from defects that could compromise safety. Clear communication: Communicate with wolcate or ensure everyone is aware of their responsibilities and any notential hazards as acciated with exterial handling tasks. Designated loading is used to be zones where no one will be put at risk by moving object. Followa hier why of couple: Apply a swarchy of controls that prioritizes eliminate at the number of the substituting with a less hazardous option, followed by implementing elementing, administrative, and PPE measures if the hazard cannot be uninate or reduced. Monitor and or view: Continually evaluate and adjust work processes, practices, and ontrol in assure to maintain a safe environment, while also encouraging worker fee worker ge. 		
3. Site Assessment	Varying floor levels, Hazardous materials	ЗН	 Induct a pre-work site assessment to identify and document varying floor levels, up en surfaces, and potential tripping hazards. Implement visual indicators such as markings or barriers to highlight areas of the floor with significant level changes or hazardous materials. Conduct regular on-site risk assessments throughout the vinyl installation project to ensure newly identified hazards are appropriately addressed and managed. Ensure all personnel working on the site have received appropriate training in recognizing and managing risks associated with varying floor levels and hazardous materials. Provide relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as non-slip footwear, gloves, and goggles to protect workers from potential hazards. Follow proper procedures for safe handling, storage, and disposal of hazardous materials according to industry standards and legal requirements. Notify floor screeding contractors of any uneven areas to be leveled before commencing vinyl installation. Use signage or other warning methods to alert workers and visitors of potential hazards related to varying floor levels, uneven surfaces, or hazardous materials. Regularly monitor weather conditions and adjust work practices accordingly to minimise the impact of wet or slippery flooring on worker safety. 	2M	



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			- Develop and implement an emergency response plan specific to the site assessment stage, addressing potential incidents involving hazardous materials, slips, trips, and falls.		
			- Regularly inspect, maintain, and upgrade tool and equipment used in checking and leveling floors to ensure their accuracy and functionality.		
			- Employ proper manual handling techniques, then life, moving, or placing objects on uneven surfaces to minimise the risk of inju		
			- Distribute load weights even across the flooring urface to fold creating additional hazards caused by a alances or instable		
			- Encourage operation station setween team menders regarding the identification are managenent of his ands relations varying floor levels and hazardous in serials on sit		
4. Surface Preparation	Dust inhalation, Noise exposure	ЗН		1L	



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5. Primer Application	Chemical contact, Fume triphalatt	2M		1L	

Version 2.5



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	•				
6. Adhesive Application	Skin contact, Chemical ex,	2M		1L	



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7. Vinyl Cutting	Sharp tools, Unintentional cuts	ЗH		2М	



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8. Installation	Incorrect measurements, Knee injury	2М		1L	



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9. Seaming & Welding	Exposure to heat, Slippery surfaces	2М		1L	



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10. Finishing & Cleaning	Allergic reactions, Eye irritation	2М		1L	

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11. Inspection	Damage to the installed area, Fall from height	2М		1L	

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12. Waste Disposal	Handling sharp waste, Inadequate disposal	ЗН		2M	

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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES						
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE						
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Octopational Health au Safety Actor 04 Octopational Health and onfety regulations 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulations</u> of the one of the safety of the					
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>					
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2015 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-serve-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/formed-resource science scien	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice					
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes					
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work 					
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 					

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and acception of the process should be carried out in s any subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who recented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of continue measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wren Electrical Work, Versat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed ar noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		